Hijacked Libyan plane lands in Beirut

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BEIRUT, Dec. 9 (A.P.) - Lebanese Muslim militants holding 35 weary hostages aboard a hijacked Libyan airliner landed the Boeing 727 in Beirut tonight after announcing they were ending the three-day odyssey in the Lebanese capital. But almost immediately after the plane taxied to a far end of the runway, reporters at the amport could hear bursts of automatic weapons. Radio conversations monitored between the hijackers and the control tower indicated the sky pirates were firing warning shots to drive away Lebanese and Syrian army units who set up a perimeter of armoured cars and gun-mounted jeeps around the jetliner. A spokesman for the hijackers warned Lebanese security and Syrian troops against approaching the plane, saying "a disaster will happen if this warning is not heeded."



Volume 6, Number 1832

AMMAN, THURSDAY-FRIDAY DECEMBER 10-11, 1981 - SAFAR 13-14, 1402

Juan Carlos, Sofia stop over at Aqaba

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Sandi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

.

Habib briefs Haig on Middle East

BRUSSELS, Dec. 9 (R) -U.S. special envoy Philip Hahib had "something substantive" to report to Secretary of State Alexander Haig today when he briefed him on his recent Middle East tour, a state department spokesman said. Spokesman Dean Fischer declined to go into details of the one-hour meeting in Brussels. which followed Mr. Hahib's two-week tour aimed at shoring up the ceasefire hetween Palestinian and Israeli forces in southern Lebanon. Mr. Habib is expected to return to Washington tomorrow to report to President Reagan, There was no word on when Mr. Habib would return to the Middle East. Mr. Fischer said Mr. Habib gave a full and comprebensive report to Mr. Haig and added, "he had something substantive to report to the secretary." Mr. Haig is here for a six-monthly meeting of NATO foreign ministers.

Kreisky meets with Arafat

VIENNA, Dec. 9 (A.P.) -Austrian Chancellor Bruno Kreisky yesterday met in Abu Dhabi with PLO leader Yasser Arafat to restore recently soured relations hetween Austria and the Palestine Liberation Organisation, Austrian newspapers reported today. Before the meeting Dr. Kreisky told reporters during an official visit to the Gulf state, that the PLO was free to send a new envoy to Austria after Mr. Arafat's group was found to be uninvolved in two attacks in Vicuna. He said results of police investigations in Austria had clearly shown that the PLO had nothing to do with the killing in Vieuna of Councilman Heinz Nittel and the attack on

.... - Charles His Majesty King Hussein welcomes his guest

King Juan Carlos of Spain at Aqaba Airport

AQABA. Dec. 9 (Petra) - King Juan Carlos and Queen Sofia of Spain left here this evening after a brief stop-over enroute home from visits to Bahrain and the United Arab Emirates. They were met, and seen off upon departure, by His Majesty King Hussein and Her Majesty Queen

Wednesday. Also seen are Her Majesty Queen Noor and Queen Sofia, far left. (Petra photo).

Nonr who had entertained the Spanish royal guests during their five-hour stay. The king and queen of Spain were also met upon arrival here by senior Jordanian officials and the Spanish Ambassador to Jordan Don Luis de Pedroso.

JD 765m budget approved

The revenues expected in 1982

spacecraft, missiles, airships and

Editor John Taylor wrote that it

was unpossible to abandon nuc-

lear weapons completely as that

would leave the door open to

a future deterrent is a force cap-

able of absorbing an attack hy

opposing forces, on any scale short

"The vital second component of

scemingly endless war.

AMMAN, Dec. 9 (Petra) - Jordan's 1982 budget, amounting to JD 765 million, underwent final cabinet review this evening and was referred to the legal comfor capital expenditure. mittee of the National Consultative Council for consideration and endorsement. The cabinet has held several sessions

amount to JD 598 million. This includes JD 338 million from local revenues and JD 260 million from Nuclear deterrent is

hang gliders.

this week for the purpose of con-Arab financial aid. Loans and sidering the budget, of which JD foreign technical assistance are 419 million goes for current expected to amount to JD 131 milexpenditures and JD 345 million lion.

The 1982 budget allows for a deficit of JD 36 million. It represents an increase in spending of 17 per cent, or JD 111 million, over this year's budget.

Kayyali

French say Cheysson's remarks mark no change in Mideast policy

PARIS, Dec. 9 (R) — French government officials said today there was no change in their country's Middle East policy and that France believed Western Europe had a role to play in the search for peace in the region.

The officials said the aim of the Socialist administration of President Francois Mitterrand was to seek a balanced relationship with Israel and the Arab states and urge all sides in the dispute to negotiate directly. The officials were commenting

on suggestions in Tel Aviv that remarks there this week by. France's External Relations Minister Claude Cheysson on European initiatives towards a settlement marked a major change in French policy.

"There is no change," a spokesman for the External Relations Ministry said. "The minister was simply saying that Western Europe could not impose a solution. But France and its European partners can play a useful

Political sources said today Mr. Cheysson's remarks were likely to

Kuwaiti envoy visits Baghdad

BEIRUT, Dec. 9 (R) - A Kuwaiti envoy today paid a lightning visit to Baghdad during which he conveyed a message from the emir of Kuwait to president Saddam Hussein of Iraq, the official Iraqi news agency reported. It said Minister of State for Cahinet Affairs Abdul Aziz Hussein arrived in Baghdad earlier today as an envoy of Sheikh Jaber Al Ahmad Al Sabah

provoke a strong reaction from other EEC states which have stood firm behind a Middle East initiative founded on a declaration by Common Market leaders in

Venice last year. But one French official commented today: "We still believe in the principles of the Venice Declaration which are the right to security for all peoples in the region and the right for the selfdetermination of all people, including the Palestinians.

The official added: "But we have now moved on. If France talks of a Palestinian state, that goes further than the Venice Declaration."

The political sources said the policy of the Mitterrand government would involve improved relations with Israel but also insistence that the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) should play a

role in future peace talks. Mr. Cheysson reported on his visit to Israel to a regular meeting of the French cabinet today.

After the meeting the president's spokesman, Pierre Beregovoy, said France's attempts to secure good relations with Israel and with Saudi Arabia, for example, did not mean it had to adopt all the points of view taken

by either country. Referring to Mr. Mitterrand's scheduled visit to Israel next February, he said: "Mr. Mitterrand will use the same language in Tel Aviv that he used in Riyadh. France is a friend of Israel and it intends to be friendly with the Arab states. There will be no question of giving lessons either to the one or to the other."

Officials expected the first clear EEC reaction to Mr. Cheysson's

"In blood and spirit we will

said Mr. Cheysson had indicated remarks to come tonight when he meets British Foreign Secretary regret that he bad used the phrase 'European initiative" in his Lord Carrington and his West German and American colleagues speech since this was a formulation treated with sarcasm by in Brussels. Israel since the Venice Decla-British officials said Lord Car-

rington was reserving comment on the French position until he had seen a transcript of Mr. Cheysson's remarks.

on the rebound" and had warmly In a speech in Jerusalem on praised Mr. Cheysson, the cor-Monday night, Mr. Cheysson said respondent said. This, be added, the Venice Declaration was wrong had led to the minister's further not to have taken account of prog-ress under the Camp David explanation of his remarks to the French journalists. agreements which brought peace between Israel and Egypt.

But otherwise the declaration, signed for France by former President Valery Giscard d'Estaing before his defeat in elections in May this year, had contained some excellent things, Mr. Cheysson

added. While the Socialists remained in power, he said, there would be no French or European plan or initiative on the Middle East.

This remark was interpreted by Israeli officials as a call to France's European partners to mind their own husiness and abandon thoughts of a peace-making role in the region.

But the Palestine Liberation But official French sources said Organisation (PLO) chairman, that the minister had subsequently who met Mr. Cheysson in Beirut explained to French journalists in in August, refrained from further Jerusalem that he had meant comment pending French clarifi-Western Europe should not seek cations.

Mr. Cheysson's stance was described as anti-Arab by the to impose any settlement plan. In a report from Jerusalem tonight, the newspaper Lc Monde newspaper of Syria's ruling Baath quoted Mr. Cheysson as telling Party and also drew press criticism French journalists there that his in Lebanon, Saudi Arabia and remarks were simply intended to Kuwait. stress that there would be no The only Arab state to have 'European plan of action."

reacted so far was Kuwait whose The Le Monde correspondent foreign ministry expressed conwho travelled with the minister spread to West Bank

the Gaza Strip towns, and many in most places. The metal doors of many shops

- - - - <u>-</u>

Egypt, India call for just peace

NEW DELHI, Dec. 9 (R) — India and Egypt called tomght for a

just and comprehensive peace in the Middle East and expressed

support for the Cause of the Palestinian people. At a dinner given

by Indian External Affairs Minister P.V. Narasimha Rao in hon-

our of the Egyptian minister of state for foreign affairs, Boutors

Ghali, both men called for Palestinian independence as part of a

Middle East settlement. Earlier today, Dr. Ghali handed Prime

Minister Indira Gandhi a message from Egyptian President Hosni

Mubarak, believed to deal with ways of bolstering bilateral rela-

tions. Mr. Rao said in his speech that restoration of the rights of

the Palestinian people and creation of an independent Palestinian

ration.

Israeh Foreign Minister Yit-

zhak Shamir had "seized the ball

Arafat 'surprised'

by Chevsson's stance

BAHRAIN, Dec. 9 (R) - Pales-

tinian leader Yasser Arafat expre-

ssed surprise today at statements

made in Israel by French External

Relations Minister Claude Chey-

sson that Western Europe should

not initiate peace moves in the

statement, which is not the same

as his previous statements before going to occupied territory (Israel)," Mr. Arafat told news-

"I am a bit surprised by the

Middle East.

men in Abu Dhabi,

state were essential components of any settlement.

Israel goes ahead with canal project

a synagogue.

TEL AVIV, Dec. 9 (A.P.) - Israel will go ahead with plans to channel water from the Mediterranean to the Dead Sea despite United Nations resolutions condemning the project, Energy Minister Yitzhak Berman said today.

New Swiss president chosen

BERN, Dec. 9 (A.P.) -Economics Minister Fritz Honegger was chosen by parliament today as Switzerland's president next year, in a renewal of the custom of rotating the largely ceremonial post among the seven members of the federal executive. Keeping with custom, Mr. Honegger, a Zurich politician, accedes to the post after a year as vice president.

Canada to end colonial history

OTTAWA, Dec. 9 (R) — Canada will ask Britain today to relinquish custody of Canada's century-old constitution, closing a chapter of British colonial history. An armed forces plane, carrying a resolution from the Canadian parliament to Queen Elizabeth, who is head of state of both countries, left here overnight.

Cyprus urges U.S. to pressure Turkey

WASHINGTON, Dec. 9 (R) - President Spyros Kyprianou of Cyprus said today he had urged President Reagan to press Turkey to resolve the Cyprus dispute but added he was not optimistic about prospects for a quick solution.

Explosion shakes S. African office

JOHANNESBURG, Dec. 9 (R) - An explosion shook the offices of the South African Department of Cooperation and Development in Cape Town today, police said.

LONDON, Dec. 10 (Thursday) comprehensive 813-page guide to (R) — The nuclear deterrent is civil and military planes as well as dead and the world must devise another way of preventing global war, an authoritative publication said today.

It suggested a two-pronged deterrent whereby the two superpowers, the United States and the Soviet Union, had a small force of nuclear missiles, backed up by conventional forces able to withstand an attack until stability

of nuclear, for as long as it would could be restored. The ideas were contained in the take to stahilise the situation foreword to the 72nd edition of military and politically," Jane's Jane's All the World's Aircraft, a said

Jose Marti airport this afternoon.

hostage until they got to Havana.

First Venezuelan plane

leaves Havana for home

CARACAS, Venezuela, Dec. 9 (A.P.) - One of three hijacked

Venezuelan jetliners left Havana airport today, taking 89 passengers

and an unspecified number of crew members hack home to Caracas,

A Prensa Latina dispatch said the plane, a Boeing 727 belonging to

The dispatch gave no details of the departure, nor when two other

It only said, "the crew and the passengers received superb care

from Cuhan authorities and the plane was fuelled" for the trip.

Eleven hooded and heavily armed guerrillas from different Latin American nations hijacked the three Venezuelan domestic pas-

senger jets Monday. They landed in Cuba after a 29-hour odyssey with stops in Aruba, Colombia, Guatemala, El Salvador, Honduras

The three planes, two Aeropostal DC-9s and the Avensa Boeing 727, were seized on Monday on domestic flights over Venezuela. The

hijackers freed a total of 134 passengers during the fuelling stops

along the way hut kept 79, three pilots and 16 other crew members

the Venezuelan domestic airline Avensa, took off from Havana's

the Cuban government news agency Prensa Latina said.

hijacked airliners would be returned to Venezuela.

dead, publication says buried civil and military planes as well as

AMMAN, Dec. 9(J.T.) - The funeral of former PLO leader Dr. Abdul Wahab Kayyali took place in Amman today. Among those attending the funeral services were representatives of professional unions and popular organ-isations in Jordan as well as the Iraqi Ambassador to Jordan, Mr. Ibrahim Shnja' Sultan, embassy staff and the bead of the PLO office in Amman.

Dr. Kayvali, whose hody arrived here from Lebanon yesterday was buried at Umm Al Hiran Cemetery. He was assassinated by unknown gunmen in Beirut on Monday.

Five candidates emerge as contenders for U.N. post

UNITED NATIONS, Dec. 9 (R) - Five new candidates entered the contest for the post of U.N. secretary-general as the Security Council set a deadline of today for further applicants.

Mr. Olara Otunnu of Uganda, the council president, announced the names of the five candidates last night, following the withdrawal of Mr. Kurt Waldheim, the incumbent, and Tanzanian Foreign Minister Salim Ahmad Salim, hitherto his only challenger.

The council set a deadline for further nominations and members are to meet on Friday to consider the new candidates.

U.S. reviews plan to undermine Qadhafi

tingency plans for responding to any acts that Libya might carry out

in spite of, or in retaliation for,

other steps contemplated, in the

The detailed list of recom-

mended actions and options is

intended to carry out a decision

made early in Mr. Reagan's pres-

imports by the U.S.

proposal.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 9 -Reagan administration officials are reviewing a detailed new strategy for isolating and undermining Libyan leader Col. Muammar Qadhafi with economic, diplomatic and military

measures.

and Panama.

The new programme, which administration sources said was prepared for President Reagan's consideration, calls for an early withdrawal of 2,000 Americans employed by U.S. companies in Libya and envisions, as a possible

on the Qadhafi regime, which the later action, a cutoff of Libyan nil U.S. regards as an outlaw govemment that funds world ter-Military measures included in rorism. the strategy, the sources stressed, were limited to Pentagon con-

The sources said development of the new programme, currently being considered by the White House, wasn't prompted by the recent intelligence reports that Libya has sent an assassination squad to the U.S. to kill Mr. Reagan and other officials. However, they said, the reports have added to the urgency of dealing with Libyan prohlems. -- Wall idency to place maximum pressure Street Journal

Israeli troops patrolled the deserted streets of Rafah today and Palestinians in other Gaza Strip towns burned tires, chanted anti-Israel slogans and closed shops and schools.

Dec. 9 (A.P.) - Heavily armed

Military sources said a curfew had been imposed on Rafah, where a 17-year-old Arab youth was shot dead by an Israeli soldier Monday when Palestinian Arabs were protesting against Israeli occupation.

The anti-Israel protests in the Gaza Strip were in their 10th day, and demonstrations were continuing in three places in the occupied West Bank. A general strike appeared

almost complete in Gaza city, Rafah and Khan Yunis, and the Associated Press saw the start of an anti-Israel demonstration in Khan Yunis as several dozen teenaged Palestinians marched

NATO deadlocked over Greek-Turkish issue ing was deadlocked today as

Argentina's ambassador to Lon-Greece and Turkey disagreed don, Prince Sadruddin Aga Khan, over the terms of the final comholder of an Iranian passport and munique alluding to their longa former U.N. high commissioner standiug dispute, diplomatic for refugees, former U.N. under sources said. secretary-general Javier Perez de Cuellar of Peru, Commonwealth Papandreou asked for the inclusion of a paragraph saying the North Atlantic Treaty Organ-

Secretary-General Shridath Ramphal and Panamanian Foreisation (NATO) would guarantee Greece against Turkish aggresign Minister Jorge Illueca. There were no surprises among the list of candidates, all of whom

were known to have been waiting in the wings for Mr. Salim's withdrawal as the only declared Third World contestant.

held up publication of the final Mr. Waldheim was vetoed a record 16 times by China, which communique which would firmly support President Reagan's prophas insisted that the next osals last month for East-West secretary-general be from the Third World. The U.S. vetoed Mr. arms cuts, the sources said. They said the communique

It was not known how many newcomers would join the runners by tonight's deadline, but Rafael Salas of the Philippines, head of the U.N. Fund for Population Activities, and Kenneth Dadzie of Ghana, U.N. director-general for development and international economic co-operation, are among those expected to enter.

Salim

None of the names mentioned appeared certain to receive the minimum of nine affirmative votes needed for nomination and the concurrence of all the vetobearing permanent members.

redeem you, oh Palestine," they chanted. Large boulders in the street remained from roadblocks they had erected, and charred tires littered the area.

Gaza demonstrations

RAFAH, Occupied Gaza Strip, along the main street.

The atmosphere was tense in

were on strike from school classes. Traffic flowed through the strip, however, including Israeli buses carrying tourists bound for Cairo, and greengrocer shops were open

citizens were on the streets. In

Gaza city, youngsters said they showed burn scars where Israeli troops had welded the doors shut to punish the shopkeepers for joining the strikes that have shut-tered most of Gaza off and on since Dec. 1.

Jerusalem group calls on UNESCO to investigate conditions of holy places

AMMAN, Dec. 9 (Petra) - The General Islamic Conference on Jerusalem (GICJ) today issued an appeal to UNESCO (the United Nations Edncational. Scientific and Cultural Organisation) to send an official team on a fact-finding tour to the occupied West Bank and have a close-hand look at Israel's practices aimed at ohlitcrating Islamic cultural sites, particularly in the Jerusalem and Hebron areas.

The Amman-based GICJ called on UNESCO to identify the Israeli religious and educational institutions which represent Zionist encroachments on these sites, and to expose Israel's violations to

Greek Prime Minister Andreas

But Turkey rejected any clause

The Greek-Turkish dispute

would reaffirm NATO's decision

to deploy Cruise and Pershing-II

missiles in Western Europe while

at the same time seeking arms

The sources said the com-

munique would state that in view

of the Soviet arms build up, the

NATO countries must sustain

their defence efforts in spite of

economic difficulties and would

aim for an annual increase in

military spending of three per cent.

The communique would say

that aid to the poorest countries of

the alliance-Portugal, Greece

in real terms.

talks with the Soviet Union.

that would imply NATO rec-ognised a possible Turkish threat

sion, the sources said.

against Greece.

the world public opinion and to call on world organisations to denounce and condemn such measure

The appeal contained in a memorandum to UNESCO's director-general was sent following a meeting held by the GICJ members today to mark the holy Islamic places day in Palestine. During the meeting GICJ members also reviewed the conditions of these places under Israeli rule.

The memorandum appealed to UNESCO to give due consideration to the subject and to adopt practical measures in order to protect cultural heritage in the occupied Arab territories.

BRUSSELS, Dec. 9 (R) — A and Turkey-should be granted on NATO defence ministers' meet- a more systematic basis. in Athens,"

governments.

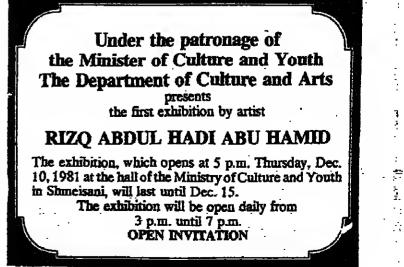
which has been revived by the

emergence of a new government

a more systematic basis. Diplomatic sources said Greece On the question of the Rapid and Turkey, which dispute control over the Aegean Sea, had rejected Deployment Force being set up by the United States for use in an compromise formulas devised by emergency in areas outside the Britain and NATO Secretary-NATO treaty, the communique General Joseph Luns. would stress cooperative planning Mr. Papandreou was trying to although U.S. requests for assisadd words to article five of the tance should be treated on a North Atlantic treaty which says:

case-by-case basis and agreed by "The parties agree that an armed attack against one or more of them Referring to the Greek-Turkish in Europe or North America shall dispute, West German Defence be considered an attack against them all." Minister Hans Apel told newsmen: "There is no danger of the He wanted to add that an armed alliance collapsing. This is an old conflict between the two countries

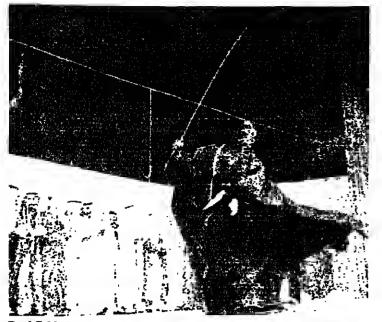
attack "from any direction" against one of them would be considered an attack against all of them, the sources said.



حملذا من إأحل

Cuban authorities arrested the hijackers under an anti-piracy agreement with Venezuela, hut gave no details as to their identities. The five named by Mr. Otunnu are: Carlos Ortiz de Rozas,

The treaty calls for a prompt return of the planes, passengers and the surrender of the hijackers to Venezuelan authorities for trial.



Bani Sakhy

Page 2





Surprise of a lifetime at the Palace of Culture known television aod film-maker,

By Maaz D. Shukayr Special to the Jordan Times THE HAND-ful of spectators who filled Al Hussein Youth City's Palace of Culture to the brim Sunday had the surprise of their life

It was the first time that a "festival' had been produced locally to give a bird's-eye view of Jordanian dabke (folk dance) and samer (a rural or bedouin evening eotertainment of song and dance). The 90-minute stage production, sponsored by the Ministry of Culture and Youth, presented sah-jehs, dabkes, work songs and celebratory dances from Sait, Karak Ma'an, Irbid, Ramtha and the Jordanian desert.

According to Mr. Haidar Mahmoud, the newly-appointed director of the Department of Cul-

SALT: The Petra Folk Troupe and the Ynung Women's Centre of Salt performed a 'sahjeh' usually associated with grape harvesting in the ancient town, which has always been famous for its own varieties of the fruit. HUWEITAT: The colourfully-robed Huweitat tribesmen of central Jordan contributed a 'samer', popularly performed in the cool desert evenings in the opeo space around which the encampment is pitched. It is still performed in the Huweitat settlements in Karak Governorate. KARAK: This Karaki dance, performed at the festival by the Young Women's Centre of Karak, is associated with weddings and other social occasions. BANI SAKHR: Perhaps the most famous Jordanian bedouin tribe, the Bani Sakhr sent their men to perform a 'samer' associated with happy occasions. Men and women stand in separate groups in the open space of the bedouin encampment. The

from his friends ture and Arts, the first-of-its-kind festival "contributes towards the development of civic seose" among the young. It provides "a mirror depicting a past that has come down to us from our forefathers," he says.

Indeed, most of the songs and dances performed Sunday to a 3,000-strong audience. led by Her Majesty Queen Noor, represented the "true origins of folk art in Jordan, a country that historically and geographically lies in the heart of the Arab World," according to Mr. Fakhri Kawar, e Jordanian writer who is culture editor for the daily newspaper Al Ra'i.

Mr. Kawar made a video tape of the festival when it was broadcast by Jordan Television Monday night, and so far he has received "dozeos of requests" for copies

Mr. Mahmoud says many of the songs and dances "represent the Arab World as a whole." They were the same songs and dances performed by the Nashama (brave ones) of Ma'an and Aoaba when they went ont towards the end of World War I to welcome the and simple, yet so artistically expressive of life in Jordan." vanguards of the Great Arab Revolt" of the late Sharif Hussein Ibn Ali, Mr. Mahmoud comends.

the first time that Jordan dabkes Sharif Hussein's forces include volunteers from all parts of the Arab World, who saw in the Hashemite uprising against the Ottoman Turks a hope for a better future for the Arabs.

presented Sunday evening were familiar to the audience. Take for example the Ma'an dabke." said Sa'ud Al Favyad, a well-

join the menfolk in the dance, generating a heated atmosphere that usually ends when all the girls have shown their talent. IRBID: The Young Women's Centre in Jordan's "northern capital" performed a 'dabke' associated with the female task of frequenting the village's water well to carry water to the homes. AQABA: The Aqaba Youth Club performed the 'rafihi dabke' associated with the reception accorded to celebrity visitors to the town. RAMTHA: The Ramtha Youth Centre presented northern Jordan's distinctive 'dabke', characterised by harmony in rhythm and simplicity in movement. It is associated with village life, and depicts man's deeply-rooted association with the fertile land. (Staff photos by Yousef Al Allan)

dan's folk heritage. This is a reference to occasions wheo folk-dance Not all the songs and dances trainers were recruited from Lebanon. Syria and even the United States, to come to Jordan to "develop" the country's dabke. leader of the men's group challenges the women to participate in the entertainment. One at a time, the girls spring to the fore and

who is currently working on a

"grape festival" to be staged next

August in Salt. "I had been famil-

iar with dabkes and samers from

Ramtha, Salt, Karak and many

other parts of Jordan," he said.

"But I had not known that the

dabkes of Ma'an were so original

Mr. Fayyad claims that this is

have been performed "outside the

influence of professional choreog-

raoners imported at one time or

mother to help in staging Jor-

Agaba



T.E. Lawrence as he was

Beginning on Saturday, Dec. 12 the Jordan Ther will publich : serialised look at the life of T.E. Lawrence ("Livrence of Arabia"), by the Jordanian historian Suleman Mona, in flure parts, Mr. Moosa is the author of the authorizative lastory T.E. Lawrence: An Arab View.



Karak



the I and the

NATIONAL

NATIONAL NEWS BRIEFS

Condolences to Farraj family

AMMAN, Dec. 9 (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein today delegated Chief Chamberlain Prince Ra'd Ibn Zaid to offer his sympathy to the Farra; family on the death of the late Igor Farra;

Autumn-winter fashions displayed

AMMAN, Dec. 9 (Petra) — Her Highness Princess Sarvath this evening stood in for Her Majesty Queen Noor in attending a 1981-82 autumn and winter fashion show at the Jordan Intercontinental Hotel in Amman. The proceeds of the show, organised by Alia, the Royal Jordanian Airline, will benefit hand-icapped people cared for by Al Hussein Society for the Rehabilitation of the Physically Handicapped. The show was attended by Princess Majida Ra'id and the wives of the prime minister, the chief of the royal court and the court minister, along with other guests.

EEC refugee aid on the way

AMMAN, Dec. 9 (J.T.) - The Ministry of Occupied Territories Affairs has received a cable from the European Common Market saying that the Market will ship 10,000 tonnes of flour and 2,500 tonnes of butter and milk to Aqaba Port in the middle of January, Al Ra'i newspaper said today. The shipment is a donatioo to the support of Palestinian refugees, the paper added.

Minerals meeting set for Friday

AMMAN, Dec. 9 (Petra) — A three-member delegation from the Natural Resources Authority will represent Jordan at the ministerial meeting of the Arab Organisatioo for Mineral Resources (AOMR) which will open in Abu Dhabi on Friday. Participants in the four-day meeting will discuss, among other things, the establishment of a centre in Amman for recruiting and training personnel in mining, and the charting of a geological and mineral map for the Arab World. They will also discuss AOMR's budget and projects in the coming year, and its participation in Arab countries' mining and geological studies. Participants will represent Jordan, the United Arab Emirares, Tunisia, Sudan, Saudi Arabia, Somalia, Iraq. Palestine, Kuwait, Morocco and Libya.

Iragi agricultural team leaves

AMMAN, Dec. 9 (Petra) - A two-man team from the Iraqi Agriculture Ministry today wound op a two-week visit to Jordan by calling on under-secretary of Agriculture Salem Al Lawzi. The Iraqi visitors talked about their impressions of the visit and tour of 11 agricultural projects around the country. The Iraqi team is carrying home samples of pasture plants for possible planting in Iraq, a ministry official said.

Villages get road-building loans

IRBID, Dec. 9 (Petra) - A sum of JD 32,000 has been allocated for the construction of roads in six villages in Irbid Governorate which still have no municipal and or village councils, it was announced here today. According to the local governor's office, minouted here today. According to the local governor's once, preparatory work is already under way to carry out the project, which will be implemented in the villages of Um Al Jadayel, Sras, Tabaqat Fahl, Samad, Abu Luqqain and Alia.

34 merchants hit with fine



Crown Prince reviews brigade's readiness

AMMAN, Dec. 9 (Petra) - His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan today called at the head-quarters of the King Hussein Ibn Ali Brigade, where he met with its officers and troops. Prince

Hassan was briefed on the brigade's military duty and activities. He later inspected the brigade's formations, and was briefed on their training programmes.

Saudi aide tours Jordan Valley

AMMAN, Dec. 9 (Petra) — Visiting Saudi Ara-bian Finance and National Economy Minister Mohammad Abal Khail was today takeo on a tour to the King Hussein Bridge across the Jordan River, and to the Dead Sea.

Accompanied by his Jordanian counterpart, Mr. Salem Masa' deh, the Saudi minister and his delegation also visited the marketing centre at Al Arda, and the site of a memorial to the martyrs of Al Karameb battle in 1968.

The Saudi delegatioo was briefed oo development projects carried out in the Jordan Valley by the Jordan Valley Authority (JVA). JVA Deputy Director Munther Haddadin also briefed the guests

ART REVIEW

supply of water. According to Dr. Haddadin, the scarcity of water

on eodeavours in the region to increase vegetable and fruit production, and efforts to increase the

in the central valley region has prompted the JVA to pump water from the East Ghor Canal to irrigate Jordan Valley land. Some of this water is also pumped to Amman and other towns and villages in Jordan.

Mr. Haddadin also talked about the government's plans to develop the Jordan Valley regioo to increase the country's agricultural productioo and oatiooal revenues.

Facing up to Jordan's people

松白

By Meg Abu Hamdan Special to the Jordan Times AMMAN, Dec. 9 - The stroog and serious features of bedouin faces, Jordan's stark and stunning landscapes, its flowers and mosques are the source of inspiration for many of Jordan's artists. One of these is Diana Hajjar Shamounki, whose solo exhibition opened this week at the Goethe. Institute.

But what makes the work of this Jerusalem-born artist somewhat unusual is that she has managed-perhaps because she is a woman berself-to capture some of the many subtleties of the

U.S. editors meet group on M.E. issues, policies

By Samira Kawar Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN, Dec. 9 - A lively debate oo the Middle East situation and current trends in U.S. Middle East policy took place at an open forum in the World Affairs Council hall in Jabal Amman this evening.

During the hour-and-a-half discussion, moderated by World Affairs Council Secretary Kamel Abu Jaber, a guest panel of four editors from the Readers Digest confronted an audience of 30 Jordanian academicians, intellectuals and writers.

The panel comprised Reader's Digest Chief Editor Edward T. Thompson, who is also oo the executive committee of the American Society of Magazine Editors and a member of the Council of Foreign Relations; Managing Editor Kenneth O.

Highway thieves caught red-handed

AMMAN, Dec. 9 (Petra) ---Police in Zarga today announced the arrest of two thieves, caught in the act of trying to steal from trucks parked aloog the Amman-Zarqa highway. The arrest was made following very close surveillance by police

patrols along the highway. Several robberies have been reported there lately, especially by truck drivers who parked their vehicles along the road for rest.

The thieves admitted to stealing JD 600 and foreign currency worth JD 500, in addition to 10 blankets, equipment and clothing, the police said.

Meanwhile, police in Amman reported the arrest of 14 gamblers, including the owner of the cafe where the group was caught playing with dice.

Dentists offer free services to handicapped Gilmore, co-author of a book called The Great Deceptioo depicting the inside story of Soviet involvement in Cuba; European Editor John D. Panitza, who is responsible for the creation of Digest original articles from Europe, The Middle East and Africa, and Middle East Editor Edmund Joseph Saab, who is responsible for the Arabic edition

of the Reader's Digest (Al Mukhtar). Dr. Abu Jaber, who opened the debate, briefly defined the issues to be discussed, all centring around the Middle East conflict and American attitudes towards the region. He put several ques-tions before the panel for coosideration, including the role of a magazine such as the Reader's Digest in assessing the rights and wrongs of the situation in the Middle East-with a possible view to a more accurate portrayal for the benefit of American public

opinion. On the issue of U.S. bias in favour of Israel, hoth on the official level and the level of public opinion, Mr. Thompsoo said there is a growing feeling of annoyance in the United States at Israeli

intransigence, even among some American Jews. This feeling, however, was coupled with despair at what Mr. Thompson described as Arab inability to arrive at a consensus regarding a Middle East solution.

The discussion then moved to Saudi Arabia's "Fahd Plan" for Middle East peace, and the postponement of the Fez summit conference. The panelists told their audience they wanted to know whether the postponemeot of the conference because of differences over the Saudi peace plan was considered a major political disaster. The answer was that while the postponemeot had indicated inter-Arab political differences, Arabs were generally agreed oo the necessity of a just and hooourable peace in the Middle East, based on U.N. Security Council resolutions.

As the discussion moved toward U.S. refusal to hold a dialogue with the Palestine Liberatioo Organisatioo (PLO), the visiting editors expressed the view that there is the beginning of a "silent coalitioo" in the United States that will sooo actively call for a U.S.-PLO dialogue.

WHAT'S GOING ON

Exhibitions

* Paintings by Diana Shamounki, at the Goethe Institute.

Ceramics by Issam Nuseirat and Vivian Batshoun, at the Haya Art Gallery (ends Thursday).

"Four Seasons", an exhibition of paintings by Hrair, at the Alia Art Gallery (ends Thursday)

* Paintings by Rizq Abdul Hadi Abu Hamid, opening at 5 p.m. oo Thursday at the Ministry of Culture and Youtb art gallery.

Films

* The Soviet Cultural Centre presents two documeotaries, one on His Majesty King Hussein's visit to the Soviet Union and the other on the opening celebrations of the Moscow Olympics. Both films will be screened Thursday at 6 p.m. On Friday, a children's film will be screened at 4 p.m.

* The French Cultural Centre presents a comedy in colour, "La Vicille Fille" (sub-titled in Arabic), Friday at 7:30 p.m.

Christmas shopping

* The YWCA welcomes all to their Christmas shopping day, Friday between 10 a.m. and 12 a.m.

AMMAN, Dec. 9 (Petra) - Thirty-four Jordanian merchants have been fined JD 50 each by the military court for violating Ministry of Supply regulations. The military governor today endorsed the sentences.

Panel discusses wage increases

AMMAN, Dec. 9 (J.T.) - The consultative committee oo wages and prices, in a meeting at the Ministry of Labour yesterday, discussed a ministry memorandum on developments in the Jordanian labour market this year, Al Ra'i oewspaper reported today. The chairman of the committee, Labour Minister Jawad Al Anani, said that the Labour Ministry memo tackled the emigratioo of Jordanian workers abroad, Jordanian workers who return to settle in Jordan, the hiring of Arab and foreign workers and measures adopted by the Ministry of Labour to organise the labour market. Dr. Anani added that the committee had discussed the rate of wage increases for 1982 in the private sector. He added that the committee will meet again on Dec. 19. The committee has fixed annual wage increases at between six and 12 per cent of the base salary.

Iragis to use Yarmouk U. research

IRBID, Dec. 9 (Petra) - Yarmouk University has provided the Iraqi national construction research centre with a research paper worked out by Dr. Ali Nayfeh, dean of Yarmouk University's Engineering Faculty. The paper deals with the use of computers in preparing designs for construction work. The Iraqi centre is considering putting Dr. Nayfeh's results into practice.

Customs revenues said to soar

AMMAN, Dec. 9 (J.T.) - Government customs posts collected JD 123 million in fees during the past 11 mooths, Al Ra'i newspaper quoted Under-Secretary of Finance Yassin Al Kayed as saying. This figure is JD 13.5 million higher than the expectations of the general budget for the whole year, he said. Mr. Kayed said that he expects customs revenues to amount to JD 135 millioo at the end of the year. He ascribed this increase in revenues to more efficient collectioo procedures, and to an increase in imports.

Arar invited to visit Qatar

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AMMAN, Dec. 9 (J.T.) - Minister of the Interior Suleiman Arar yesterday received Qatari Ambassador in Amman Sheikh Hamad Ibn Hamad Al Thani, Al Ra'i newspaper reported today. The envoy delivered to Mr. Arar an invitation to visit Qatar from his Qatari counterpart, the paper said.

JD 756,000 in farmer loans

AMMAN, Dec. 9 (J.T.) - The Agricultural Credit Corporation (ACC) decided to grant farmers loans totalling JD 756,000 to finance 85 projects during a meeting of the ACC's board yesterday, Al Ra'i newspaper reported today. ACC Director General and Chairman Sami Al Sunna' said that these loans will finance projects for drip irrigation, plastic greenhouses, sheep, cattle and poultry breeding, the drilling of artesian wells, water pumps purchases and bee cultivation.

bedouin woman's face.

We have all seen these marvellous faces, and although each is strongly individual the features are so characteristic that they ultimately merge together in our minds to form one stereotyped bedouin woman's face. The artist, however, by her careful studies, helps us recall some of that powerful female individuality.

There is "Handeh", her handsomeness set off by the rounded brownness of the asbeh, while "Um Sa'id" sports that bright red curly hair and the lean angular features seen so often in the villages of the Ghor. The set, determined features beneath the flying purple headband in "Going with the Wind' contrast well with the soft, geotle, motherly features of "The Face from Salt," and emphasise the point that not all faces have to be strong and fierce.

It is the almond-shaped, kohllined dark, dark eyes that are the strength of these paintings; and tbey are the feature Miss Sbamounki has painted particularly well in "Eyes". The male bedouin faces are not

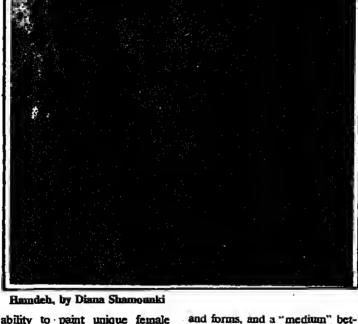
so successful. Missing is the individuality that we see in the faces of the women, and in its place there are the young, strong, handsome features of the bearded, hatta'd face of the stereotype we all visualise and carry around with us. The artist's well-demonstrated North Yemeni

communications aide ends visit

AMMAN, Dec. 9 (Petra) - The North Yemeni Under-Secretary of Communications Mohammad Al 'Arshi left for home today at the end of a three-day visit to Jordan.

During the visit, Mr. Arshi discussed with Communications Minister Mohammad Addoub Al Zabeo cooperation between North Yemen and Jordan in communications and telecommunicatioos. He also extended an invitation to Dr. Zaben from his North Yemeni counterpart to attend the Arab Satellite Communication Organisation meeting, which will be held in Sanaa in April of 1982.

Mr. Arshi also toured a number of projects and installations run by the Telecommunications Corporation, and was briefed on their activities.



ween true abstraction and figura-

tive representation is rarely con-

pinks and purples of the hyd-rangeas in "Artansia" make it one

of the most attractive still-lifes in

the collection, along with a small

painting of Jordan's wild and

lovely anemones. The other

flower paintings do not work so

well, mainly because they lose

some of their freshness by a rather

static, classic compositional for-

mula of flowers in a jar on a table.

weak colours accentuate the lack

of a point of interest in the com-

positionally poor, tree-

Jabal Al Qusour.

and-house-splattered view of

Generally the colours are strong

The composition and the subtle

vincing.

ability to paint unique female faces suggests that she is well able to do the same with male bedouin faces, and it is disappointing to see that she took the easy way out. More impressionistic are the artist's landscapes and flowers, while her mosques and buildings tend towards a more cubistic style. By continuing the lines of the vertical and horizontal planes in the "Mosque with Palms" and "Mosque" Miss Shamounki achieves an ioteresting geometric com-position, which is enhanced by the spikiness of the palm leaves, while the terra cottas, browns and beiges and good, as they are in Miss Shamounk's impressionistic land-scape entitled "View from the Jordan Valley". But the rather give a warm attractive feel.

The pale yellows and greens of the more abstract "Construction of a Mosque," however, fail to give the necessary strength to its planes and angles. This painting also indicates an understandable dilemma many artists come across while pursuing a more abstract style. It is no easy task to reduce scenes to their basic components

Today's Weather

It will be fair, with some clouds and light, variable winds, becoming southeasterly moderate. In Aqaba, winds will be northerly moderate and seas calm.

	Overnight low	Daytime high
Amman	5	15
Agaba	11	24
Deserts	4	21
Jordan Valley	11	23
Yesterday's high ter	nperatures: Amman 16,	Aqaba 23. Humidity

readings: Amman 37 per cent, Aqaba 34 per cent.

AMMAN, Dec. 9 (Petra) - The Jordanian Dentists' Association will establish a permanent clinic to offer free services to handicapped people, according to Dr. Abdul Aziz Al Haj Ahmad, the association's president.

He said handicapped people who are now being catered for by private charitable centres and orphanages can benefit from the clinic's services. The proposed clinic, be said, will be easy of access to the handicapped, who will be offered the best possible service by skilled Jordanian dentists. The clinic will be open to its

patients from 9 a.m. to 1 p.m. every Friday, Dr. Ahmad said.

Awgaf ministry makes plans for land rental

AMMAN, Dec. 9 (Petra) - The Ministry of Awqaf and Islamic Affairs has drawn up a plan to develop and exploit its waqf (religious endowment) land for agricultural, housing, commercial and industrial projects.

A ministry official said the plan also provides for encouraging the private sector to apply to the . ministry to rent such land. Private parties could carry out ecocomic projects on the land in accordance with agreemeots to be concluded with the ministry.

An ad hoc committee on the idea has been formed, and it is expected to start considering applications soon, the official said.

FLAT WITH FURNITURE

FOR RENT

Ground floor, consisting of two bedrooms, large silon, drawing room; with complete set of kinchen utensils, independent central heating, telephone. Location: Journalists' housing estate (Dahiyat Al Sahafiyyin), east of Al Reshid housing estate and west of Al Jabal Hotel. Combines a city and rural environment, overlooking University Road.

Call tel. 24485, Amman, between 8 and 11 a.m., and 67330 or 65330 in the sflerpoon.

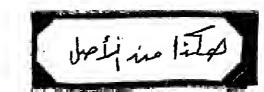
Field trip

The Frieods of Archaeology have organised a trip to the castle of Mushatta, and the fortress of Al Qastal on Friday. After lunch at 2:30 p.m. R. Abu Jaber will lead guests around his ancestral estate in Yahuda, rich in ancient remains.



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The 51 pieces, which will be on show until Dec. 14, are priced between JD 60 and JD 255.

JORDAN TIMES, THURSDAY-FRIDAY DECEMBER 10-11, 1981



Page 4

Politics of delight

FRENCH EXTERNAL Affairs Minister Claude Cheysson has shown us once again precisely what it is that makes the French such enigmatic but delightful people. His visit to Israel earlier this week included a barrage of peculiar statements, leading one to think that perhaps the French external affairs minister was contemplating single-handedly rewriting European policy towards the Middle East. We suspect -- with the French, one can only suspect, one can never be absolutely sure -- that Mr. Cheysson's apparent deviation from and contradiction of the stated policies of the European Economic Community (EEC) towards the Arah-Israeli issue are not as vehement as his words might at first make them appear to be. The government of President Mitterrand, for very deep psychological reasons that derive from the Gaullistdominated republican history of France during this century, needs to make a dramatic display of its "even-handed" policy in the Middle East. Therefore Mr. Cheysson, the man who carries the flag and speaks the words, could not say three sentences without twice saying "Palestinian self-determination" during his visit to the Middle East earlier this year. Fair enough. Now he is in Israel and he makes statements that would seem to aim at restoring normal French-Israeli ties, without necessarily contradicting his government's commitment to Palestinian rights and the idea of direct Israeli-Palestinian negotiations. Yet we cannot grasp why, in doing this, he has to hit his European partners over the head. A European attempt at injecting coherence and sense into the Middle East is to be welcomed, particularly if it aims at nudging the Americans towards a less offensive posture in the Arab World. The only explanation that makes sense to us is that Mr. Cheysson is being enigmatic, and delightful.

ARAB PRESS COMMENTARY

What does Paris want?

2.4

RED & BLACK

The economics of blackmail

It is one of the remnants of whiteman's feelings of snpremacy that the word "black" is still used to indicate "bad" things. This passsing thought occurred to me while trying to figure out the roots of the word "blackmail." It must have emanated from the combination form it consists of. Black means bad, and mail means letter, and the two together form a word meaning a threat or embezziement of money in return for a given service or protection to the payer from the would-be payee. To use Don Creole's jargon (Doo Creole is Mario Puzzo's Godfather) blackmail is giving an offer that cannot be refused.

The better known form of hlackmail is what we usually watch oo television. It is the abduction of a rich man's son in return for money. Kidnapping of dear ones for a given ransom is almost as old as the oldest profession. All it takes for the kidnapper to do is to formulate a plan, use one or two aides, find a proper hiding place, get in touch with the potential donor, fix a rendezvous, release or kill the kidnapped after securing the ransom, and find safe ways to spend the money in case it was marked.

The cost/benefit analysis of such an operatioo is not very difficult to compute. The cost involved is a probabilistic function which depends on the weakness or strength of the payer, the efficiency of police, and the severity of punishment in the event of getting caught. The returns must be great ecough to offset all these possible costs.

However, this kind of petty hlackmail is nothing compared to international hlackmail operations. If you were a poor country with comfortably living neighbours, theo there is always the temptatioo to hlackmail these peaceful rich neighbours in order to coax mooey out of them.

The factors involved in the production of a successful hlackmail attempt. (1) Create a band of renegade wbo will be licensed to defy

By Jawad Ahmad

your own authority once in a while to give them eredibility. (2) Use information media that speaks of lofty but empty terms of good neighbourly relations. (3) Adopt an out-of-the-stream official who would be known for his check-slapping rudeness. (4) Kill three or four of your enemies abroad and then claim complete innocence. (Of course, you may even go as far as deploring the incidents.)

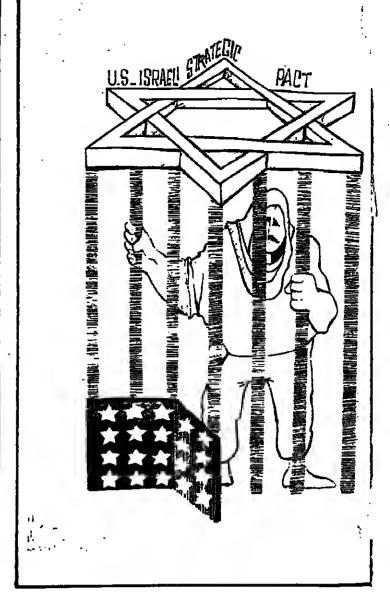
The production process then proceeds as follows: (1) Create tensioo on the borders of that friendly rich country or one of its close friends. (2) Take the calculated risk that the threat of war will be sufficient, and do not actually go to war unless you want to commit yourself to a suicidal operation, (3) Send your rude emissary to negotiate with the rich country. (4) Let your media trumpets transmit support cables and flagrant accusations. (5) Negotiate for the sum you want, take the eheque, pull your soldiers from the borders for the sake of peace and hrotherbood.

Warnings: (1) This trick may work once or twice at most, hut it eventually backfires. (2) Choose the night time to do it wheo it seems rather important for everybody to look united. (3) Ask for too much mooey or you will be takeo as a cheap foe.

What I have described above is an art that has been mastered by the Israelis. Sharon, Levinger, Kahana are the rude parties and the recogades. The payers are not the Arabs but Israeli's best friends and the ransom is the money that keeps the Israeli economy afloat, and coables it to devour more Arab lands. In some other parts, the game is emulated with lower degree of success.

International hlackmail has established itself as the pasttime of the world's oations. Is this what cold wars are all about? Can we be sure that such games would not one day go beyood the cootrol of players and blow up the world?

It is a dreadful question whose answer seems more plausible than Stanley Kubrick's "Fail Safe".



Fears of another coup attempt provides the background

Madrid fences with economic issues

By James Mivra

Reuter MADRID - JUST TWO WEEKS ago Spain was plunged into its worst political crisis since last February's abortive military coup, unleashing renewed fears of military intervention. Yet today officials are cautiously optimistic. Prime Minister Leopoldo Calvo Sotelo appears to have quelled bickering within the ruling Cen-

trist Party and avoided early general elections. The economy is performing better than expected and the 1982 hudget is meeting little opposition in parliament. The crisis blew up after internal

in put within the put is led to the defection of 15 Social Democrats from the Centrist ranks and raised the possibility of general election and a power vacuum tempting

armed forces to step in. Political sources now say a cabinet reshuffle is imminent so the Centrists can tackle their last full year before the 1983 elections with a oew team supported by a national wage pact.

government's fight against unem-ployment, which in June stood at

1.7 million, equivalent to 14 per cent of the working population. The prospect of industrial calm implicit in the agreement is an important contribution to stabilising the political situation and consolidating Spain's fragile young democracy.

Latest official forecasts expect final economic growth to reach between 1.2 and 1.3 per cent this year, below the 2.5 per cent target set in last year's budget but better than previous gloomy predictions of almost zero growth.

Inflation is expected to finish at around 14 per cent, down from 15.1 per cent last year.

The balance of payments deficit. is likefito fall below the \$6 billion previously feared, largely thanks to an expected rise in exports, made more competitive by the peseta's depreciation against the dollar since last year.

Projections for next year's economic performance in the draft 1982 budget arc equally optimistic but bave been severely criticised by the Spanisb employers' federation for being totally unrealistic. Inflation is forecast to fall to 12 per cent, gross domestic product will grow by three per cent, with increases in both private and public consumption. Despite the optimism and the potential for success, grave problems remain.

abstained, casting douhts on its ability to legislate.

The wage and employment agreement has remained partially tor by competing for money and generally threatening job ereatioo blocked since last Octoher policies. because of differences between increase in government spending employers and unions.

Both sides beld urgent contacts last week to try clear obstacles growth in production of goods and ahead of this year's wage bargaining round which will focus mainly on working cooditions. Union leaders warned the tripartite agreement could lose cre-

Prime Minister Leopoldo Calvo Sotelo appears to have quelled the crisis which blew up as a result of political bickering which led to defection from his ranks to the opposition raising the possibility of general elections and a power vacuum tempting the armed forces to step in.

was higher and income lower than had been expected.

Defending its 1982 hudget the government has pointed out that allocatioos for unemploymeot have risen and a further allocation would directly help finance Spain's industrial restructuring programme.

This programme, affecting key The employers objected to a sectors like steel, textiles and shipbuilding, is designed to pre-pare Spanish industry for memproposed increase in the business transaction tax and to payments to bership of the European trade unions under a scheme to Economic Community (EEC) by cutting huge debts and trimming the workforce.

Initial estimates say the programme will cover abont 7.500 companies employing over 600,000 workers.

If Spain is to meet the tentative 1982 date for EEC membership, much will depend on negotiations over its agriculture and fisheries industries, issues that divide the present membership.

The key problems will be how to absorb Spain's fishing fleet, larger than any in the community, and ingly turning to peseta credi how to ease the impact when Spain's vast wine and olive oil although bankers and financi. productioo is added to the comcontrollers still see foreign bo; munity's already costly surpluses rowing as a vital component (Spanish industry's financing plan of these products.

imports next year to 58 per cent of total energy needs from 61.2 pc cent. The difference will be made u

by increased coal, nuclear an natural gas usage, while the oil bi is expected to remain unchangeat around \$11 hillion. A major reform pledged by th

prime minister during the hudge presentation was the introductio of value added tax (VAT) t January 1, 1984 -- a prior cor, dition for membership set by th EEC. despite Spanish pleas for, transition period.

The new levy, initially pegged : 11 per cent for general goods, an 22 per cent for luxury goods, wi replace Spain's complex indire. tax system.

VAT is expected to benet Spain's financial system, whic' has undergone a radical tran. formation this year with the fre eing of interest rates, bar dividends and the expansion of dynamic market in peseta credit Spanisb companies are increa-

which eliminate eurreney ris

AL RA'L French Minister of External Relations Claude Cheysson's statement which rejected a European initiative to help solve the Arab-Israeli conflict as long as the French socialist government is in office poses numerous questions. Were the earlier hints and statements made by European officials voiced only for Arab consumption; or was the idea of the initiative real but was aborted by the current French government? Does Cheysson's statement mean ignoring the promises former French President Giscard d'Estaing made during his tour of the Arab region? Does this statement also apply to the French stand on the issue? The last question, but not the least, is whether France has any vested interest in preventing the European Community from helping to solve the Arab-Israeli conflict when France has considerable interests in the Arab World? Does this French stand, which prevents the European Community from coming up with an initiative, agree with the efforts exerted to open the path of peace and stability in the region, particularly when the Camp David agreements have been proved to be barren and incapable of achieving a just and comprehensive settlement? And does this French stand on the European initiative mean the withdrawal of the European Communit from the arena and freezing the European role towards solving the issue?

These and many other questions rush into one's mind in light of Chevsson's statement on the European initiative of which a lot have been said and which has been expected for long. Does his statement evaporate all that? The answer to these questions depends on the French policies and actions and the stand of the other European states.

No maner what the results would be, they would not change the established fact that only the Arabs have the basic -- and the real -- influence in urging the European Community to help solve the Arab-Israeli conflict. This new French stand on the European initiative might as well make the Arabs realise that it is their own stand and strength which are indispensable in turning the wheels of the issue on the road to a just and comprehensive settlement.

A change of mind for France?

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AL DUSTOUR: French Minister of External Affairs Claude Cheysson's visit to Tel Aviv and his talks with Israeli officials and his statemeots prove beyond doubt that France's policy on the Arab-Israeli conflict during Mitterrand's presidency has greatly changed from the French stand which prevailed since 1967 and until a few months before the socialists came into

The relations between Tel Aviv and Paris were almost frozeo since late President Charles de Gaulle bravely and firmly stood against Israel's aggressive policy and courageously stopped the shipment of weapons and spare parts of Israel when it attacked the Arab states in 1967. The French stand took shape and became more positive when Paris played an important role in crystalising a European stand supporting the Palestinian rights. This principled French stand began to diminish gradually since the

socialists came into office. A new policy evolved trying to combine French support for Israel and placating the Arabs in order to keep up financial and economic cooperation with the Arabs.

Cheysson came to Israel to resume French-Israeli relations and to strengthen political, economic and military cooperation between the two countries despite the presence of some differences between them on the Middle East problems as the Israeli foreign minister said. It is only natural for the Arabs to feel worried about this new development in French-Israeli relations but h is hoped that this will not be at the expense of French-Arah relations.

Although we welcomed Cheysson's statements on the rights of the Palestinian people, we are surprised to hear him say that there will not be a European initiative as long as his president is in office. We are also surprised to hear Shamir's allegation about the existence of "a joint Israeli-French concept" on the adoption of the Camp David agrees as an axis, whereas the Camp David agreements have proved to be a failure and have been rejected by the Arabs.

ir might be argued that the resumption of French-Israeli relations could we President Mitterrand the chance to play a positive role in persondia give President Mitterrand the chance to puty a positive role in personants his new friends in Tel Aviv to abandon the policy of aggression and expansion and to listen to the international will seeking to establish just and durable peace in the region. But the result of this change in French policy will be governed by France's desire to exploit this change for the sake of peace or to further serve the Israeh lust for expansion. We have only to wait and sec.

A tripartite agreement signed last June by employers, trade unions and the administration fixes a nine to 11 per ceot limit oo wage increases next year. In return, the government bas pledged to create up to 350,000 jobs and keep down the unemployment figures.

The wage and employment pact, signed in a climate of consensus after the abortive military coup, is the hasis for the government's hudget provisions and 1982 economic forecasts.

It is also the cornerstone of the

Last week the governmeot lost a minor vote during the budget debate in parliament when five of the Social Democratic defectors tioo.

dihility unless it was seen to function.

The wage and employment agreement first ran into trouble in October when the employers' organisation (CEOE) temporarily abandoned a monitoring committee in protest at the 1982 budget.

They argued that the forecast hudget deficit was too large to meet the government's employment objectives and would undermine the fight against infla-

compensate them for property confiscated by the late dictator Francisco Franco after the civil

The deficit would also reduce

CEOE also argued that the

would exceed the projected

services by 12 per cent.

credit available to the private sec-

These allocations would give financial muscle to the unions which have been desperately short of funds since they became legal in 1977.

The employers also elaimed that the 1981 deficit had already exceeded the target of 435 billion-pesetas (\$4.5 hillion) and that the final figure would be cearly douhle that amount because spending

A further economic problem was created by a prolonged drought which reduced hydroelectric power and increased the country's imported oil bill by ampestimated \$445 million so far

this year. Despite the loss of hydroelectricity, officials are forecasting a further reduction in oil over five years.

their operations bere, the Spanisbanks have been increasing! active in this market. Increased investor confidence has been reflected on the four stock exchanges where prices hav climbed to their highest levels is

formed despite several sentence

and the first stoning is unde

appeal. Flogging has been con

fined mainly to prison grounds.

ticular impact on women.

in the air.

Islamisation has had a par-

Female college students have

been ordered to cover their heads.

A popular television personality

was forced to resign when she let

her head scarf slip once too often

A visit to Japan by the national

women's field hockey team was

cancelled when Zia's religious

advisers declared Muslim women

could not play before mixed

Although the peseta credit we

pioneered by foreign banks as -

way of by-passing restrictions o.

The general who ordered Bhutto hanged seems to specialise in manoeuvring crises into advantages

Opportunist policies tighten Zia's grip on power

By Barry Shlachter over civilians.

Associated Press

KAKUL, Pakistan: --- MARTIAL TRADITIONS are revered in this leafy corner of northwest Pakistan, home of the country's military academy. Cadet units bear the oames of Muslim cooquerors whose legions swept down from the Central Asian steppes centuries ago.

The Mogul emperors left a legacy of Islam and the sword. After its independence in 1947, two crossed sabres were adopted as the symbol of the Pakistani army, today disciplined force of 420,000 men that has become the strongest national institution.

Kakul's"gentlemen" cadets are decorated with portraits of soldiers postumously decorated with the highest gallantry award during Pakistan's three wars with India. They are not just heroes killed in the service of their country, an officer explains, but each is a Shaheed - a martyr who, according to Islamic belief, gained

immediate entry into paradise. A cadet's curriculum includes instruction in religion, and a lecture series on totalitarianism is mandatory each year.

Thrice in the short history of Pakistan, generals have asserted their brand of authoritarian rule. If the past is any guide to the future, at least some of these earnest young men in Khaki will someday be maintaining control

"All of our modern army traditions, from hagpipes to our marching style, are British -except one," said a former hattalion commander who, like the nation's president, Gen. Mohammad Zia Ul Haq, was com-missioned into the British colonial army of undivided India. "The British oever taught us to take over governments."

Zia, who seized power in a bloodless 1977 coup, has never appeared stronger. In the past year, the 57-year-old general has thrown his civilian political opponeots into disarray. his developing economy has grown at a comfortable 5.7 per cent, and he has received firm offers of support from Western countries which earlier scorned him for allowing the execution of former prime minister Zulfikar Ali Bhutto.

More than anything else, Zia's deft use of unexpected, if not calamitous, events has helped his regime crush opposition at home and seek help from abroad.

The 1979 Soviet military intervention in neighbouring Afghanistan and the subsequent flood of Afghan refugees, has not unsettled Pakistan but has worked to its advantage.

Overnight, the view of Pakistan in Western capitals -- especially Washington -- ehanged from that of an erratic, military-ruled country with ouclear amhitions to a "frontline" state of strategic importance to the West. The

Western powers set aside concerns expressed before about the development of an "Islamic" bomb and their displeasure over Bhutto's hanging.

Zia gambled in February, 1980, when he rejected as "peanuts" a \$400 million aid offer by the then U.S. president, Jimmy Carter. He appeared the ultimate winner recently as President Ronald Reagan's aides began lobbying Coogress to, approve a six-year package which includes the sale of 40 F-16 jet warplanes and \$3.2 billion in credits for aid and other arms.

Last March, his regime was forced to yield when Al Zulfikar, an anti-Zia group said to be led by Bhutto's son Murtaza, hijacked a Pakistani jetliner and killed a young diplomat-hostage in Kabul. Again be managed to extract considerable gain from a erisis.

After releasing 54 political prisoners as demanded, Zia moved decisively against major opposition parties and there were no public protests as he jailed 2,000 people.

The chief target of the crackdown was the month-old Movement for the Restoration of Democracy (MRD), a coalition of nine opposition parties whose

fledgling eampaign which emerged as Zia's most serious challenge at the time.

It became linked in the public's mind with the hijacking because its largest component, the former ruling Pakistan People's Party, is

led by Nusrat Bhutto, widow of the executed prime minister.

"The hijacking was a real hlow," said Nafis Siddiqi, an MRD official who was detained six months. When top movement figures like Mrs. Bhutto were eventually freed, they were prohibited from travelling to other provinces. The hans, along wirh continuing strict press censorship. have kept the MRD from regaining a fraction of its original vigor. The U.S. arms agreement gave the MRD a timely issue because of the widespread belief here that the United States is "unreliable," it failed to provide material support during Pakistan's 1965 and 1971 wars with India. The 1971 war resulted in the loss of East Pakistan, now the nation of Bangladesb.

Wheo the MRD got around to attacking the deal, four months after it was negotiated, there was no indicatioo anyone was still listening.

According to the U.S. State Department, about 500 dissidents remain in jails, among them Mrs. Bhutto's daughter Benazir.

"The jails seem to be revolving doors," a West European ambassador commented recently. "Pakistanis are jailed by Zia not so much as to be punished as to be signalled it is time to cool it."

There have been no checks oo martial-law court decisions such as the one in which a 35-year-old union official was sentenced to be flogged and unprisoned for a year on a charge of inciting hatred of No amputations have been per the army.

The defendant produced medical records showing he was seriously ill and asked for lenience. The military judge denied the request and two weeks later the union official died of kidney failure.

After trouncing the opposition movement, Zia began talking about a council of hand-picked civilian advisers to help formulate a new Islamic political system for Pakistan since -- he oow claimed -- the country was oot ready for parliamentary democracy.

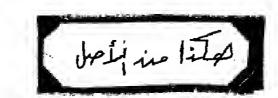
High courts were stripped of their power to review any military act or decision. Judges who refused to swear new loyalty oaths were forced to resign. Recalcitrant bureaucrats have found active or retired army personal moving into their departments.

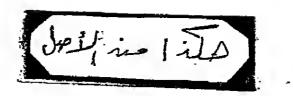
The Islamisation campaign has helped Zia neutralise the Muslim clergy which proved a powerful force during a bloody anti-Bhutto movement in 1977, immediately before Zia's coup.

Zia won the religious faction's blessing for introducing Islamic courts, a compulsory Muslim charity tax and Koran-sanctioned punishments including flogging, amputation and stoning to death.

male-female audiences. Founded as a bomeland for the Indian subcontinent's Muslim minority, Pakistan has never been so Islamic, thanks to Zia, But some observers detect resistance from the mullahs who feel Zia moves the slowly, and secula intellectuals who think he move too fast.

It is not an easy course. Watching for any slip are suspicious minority sects which fear that Zia a member of the Wahabi school. within the majority Sunni sect. might impose practices contrary to their teachings. The wellorganised Shi'ites staged violent protests last year over the manner of collecting the charity tax.





JORDAN TIMES, THURSDAY-FRIDAY DECEMBER 10-11. 1981

ECONOMY

Amid speculation of possible oil price cuts Yamani promises world Xmas gift

delegates.

coosidered would affect well

under 25 per cent of all OPEC oil

and knock only a few cents off the

average world price, so nobody

should expect cheaper petrol at

But it would slightly ease the

burden on some oil companies

that are losing money buying

high-priced crude and selling

refined products in a weak market

where demand has fallen. This

would make the companies less

Falling world demand for

OPEC oil has slashed the group's

output from around 31 million

barrels daily in 1979 to little more

OPEC's outgoing presideot, Oil

But obituaries about its demise

due to rises in prices of gasoline

and natural gas, the report said.

Food prices were down 0.5 per

cent in November, more than the

0.2 per cent of October and the

All the increases are adjusted

ready to mark up pump prices.

the pumps, they said.

ABU DHABI, Dec. 9 (R) - Saudi Arabian Oil Minister Ahmed Zaki Yamani said today he may have a little Christmas gift in store, provoking speculation that oil-exporting countries will cut prices.

At the start of an OPEC (Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries) meeting, Sheikh Yamani told reporters that a freeze until the end of 1982 in the \$34 a barrel benchmark price for OPEC oil would definitely endure even if a fall in the value of the U.S. dollar robbed OPEC members of some buying power. "I am even thinking of a little Christmas gift," added Sheikh Yamani, whose country is the world's biggest oil exporter and can all but dictate how prices should move in the present slack market.

Pressed for details, Sbeikh Yamani laughed and said: "When you seed a Christmas gift it has to be nicely wrapped and a surprise." The OPEC meeting is considering changes in the so-called quality differentials from the ben-

chmark price for each grade of crude oil

Well-placed sources said Algeria, Libya, Kuwait and possibly Iran are already considering. cuts in the premiums they charge which would reduce prices by about 50 U.S. ceots to prevent a revolt by buyers.

Small price cut

Some two-thirds of Saudi than 20 million now, forcing a Arabia's output consists of benmajority of the 13 members to chmark grade light crude, which is trim prices this year. rich in petrol.

But it seemed likely that Sheikh Minister Subroto of Indonesia, told the opening session of today's Yamani's Christmas gift would be small price cuts on medium and meeting that the glut in the market heavier oils, used mostly for less had imposed a severe test of OPEC unity. expensive type fuels and which make up the other one-third of his production of around 8.5 million had been premature, he said, .

barries daily, according to some adding that OPEC had come through possibly its most difficult Price-shaving oo the scale being year intact.

Price differentials

Althoogh the 13 members had greed oo a single base price when they met in Geneva oo October 29, there remained the challenge of setting fixed differentials that all could accept, Dr. Subroto said.

Kuwaini Oil Minister Ali Khalifa Al Sabah told reporters he was sure a reasooable set of differentials would be fixed at the present meeting, adding that a Kuwaiti 50-cent price cut would depend on the outcome of the talks. Like Saudi Arabia, Kuwait now asks \$33 for its medium crude.

For Libya and Algeria, the problem is that Nigeria has been undercutting their \$37.50 prices for top, petrol-rich grades by about one dollar.

Delegates said a compromise three-dollar differential, for a price of \$37. might emerge for these similar African crudes.

Slump in air travel hits big jetliners

News analysis

By Howard Luxenberg

NEW YORK, Dec. 9 (R) - The Lockheed L-1011 TriStar may be only the first of the big jetliners to fall victim to the slump in worldwide air travel.

After Lockheed announced this week that it would phase out L-1011 production by 1984, aerospace analysts said the same fate could be in store for the-DC-10, maoufactured by MeDonnell Douglas, another major U.S. plane builder.

High fuel costs, a drop in passenger traffic and competition from smaller planes were cited as bringing the big plane producers down to carth.

The L-1011, powered by Rolls Royce engines, had been running last on the sales list of wide-body planes behind the Boeing 747, the European Airbus and the DC-10. The decisioo will take Loc-

kheed out of the commercial air-

LONDON EXCHANGE

RATES

LONDON, Dec. 9 (R) - Following are the buying and selling rates

for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on

218.30/45

5.5100/25

5.7430/55

7.2740/65

One ounce of gold 408.50/409.00

liner market, leaving it to conceotrate oo the military field in which it is the dominant Western producer of transport planes such as the C-130, C-141 and C-5 as well as the P-3c Orion antisubmarine aircraft, missiles and space technology.

Lockheed has built 220 TriStars, which can carry up to 400 passengers, since productioo began in 1972. It has firm orders for 24 more, but Lockheed Chairman Roy Anderson said this was insufficient and future demands were uncertain.

"No one is selling many aircraft in the L-1011 range - widebodied aircraft that carry between 240 and 400 people on medium to long-range flights - at this time," said company spokesman Rich Stadier.

"The recession has affected all aircraft companies and a lot of airlines have started going for smaller aircraft."

Eliot Fried, an industry analyst with Wall Street brokers Shearson/American Express, told

Reuters the DC-10 also appeared to be a candidate for ending productioo despite insistence by McDonnell Douglas that it has no plans to do so.

But McDonnell Douglas insists it has no intention of giving up the commercial DC-10 programme. James Tisius, vice-pre sidem of financial planning for McDonnell Douglas, told Reuters "our position is fully committed to the commercial DC-10 business."

He called 1983 and 1984 a critical period because the firm had no orders yet for DC-10 aircraft beyond next year. But he said that "with the economy in a downturn and airline traffic slumping, the current order environment is not that unusual."

Eveo the best-selling widebodied aircraft, the 747, has been affected by recent trends in the airline industry. Analysts pointed out that Boeing has been reducing production of the 747 in favour of its smaller, more fuel-efficieot 767 and 757 models due to go into commercial service next year.

The 767 faces competitioo from the oewer versions of the successful 200 and 250-seat aircraft produced by the West European Airbus consortium, which has sold 45 planes thus far.

Page 5

With higher operating costs and fewer passengers, many airlines have been cutting back orders and renovating their existing planes to

keep them flying longer. Typical of the trend towards smaller planes, United Airlines, the world's second biggest airline after the Soviet Union's Aeroflot. said last April it was planning to buy up to 150 planes in the 150seat range by 1992.

Delta Airlines, by far the biggest profit-maker in the industry, told major manufacturers it was interested in buying a fuelefficient, short-range airliner cap-able of earrying 150 passengers.

This market for medium-sized planes is expected to be dominated by Boeing and the European Airbus consortium, according to the analysts, who see little room for serious rivals.

U.S. inflation expected to dip below 1980 average

SIIA WASHINGTON, Dec. 9 (A.P.) ---- Food prices tumbled but energy costs climbed last month as wholesale prices rose to an annual rate of 6.3 per cent, slightly off from the already-moderate pace of October, the government said todav

With only one month left, inflation for the year is certain to be under the 11.8 per cent wholesale average for 1980. Through November, inflatioo at the wholesale level stood at a seasooally adjusted annual rate of 7.4 per cent, labour department officials said.

The department's new report said its measure of wholesale

prices for finished goods--the was attributed to a 0.9 per cent producer price index-was up 0.5 increase in energy prices, the per cent last month after seasonal sharpest rise since April. Those prices had fallen 0.4 per cent in adjustment. October.

If November's rate held for 12 straight months, the increase would be 6.3 per cent, the department said. Officials compute the annual rate by compounding a moothly figure that is more precise than the rounded-off

0.5 per cent that is published. biggest fall since the 0.6 per cent The November increase was drop of February, the report said, better than the 0.6 per ceot Those increases were attributed advance of October, but more to higher new car prices, which than the 0.1 per cent of August advaoced 0.9 per cent in and the 0.2 per ceot of September, Movember, down from the 4.2 per

the government said. cent gain of October. The acceleratioo in November

for seasooal variations. In all, the unadjusted producer price index stood at 274.5 in November, meaning that goods costing \$10 at wholesale in 1967 would have The increase in November was cost \$27.45 last month.

> Price changes that show up in the producer price index are a good barometer of how food, coergy and other commodity prices will move at the retail level.

as measured by the labour department's consumer price index. The retail index, though, checks costs for a broader range of items--including housing and medical care--than does the producer price index.

the London foreign exchange and bullion markets today, 1,9227/37 One sterling One U.S. dollar 1.1830/33 2.2445/55 2,4560/80 1.8270/85 38.22/25 5.6720/50

Canadian dollars West German marks Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs 1203.50/1204.50 Italian lire Japanese yen Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns Danish crowns U.S. dollars

U.S. dollars

LONDON STOCK MARKET

LONDON, Dec. 9 (R) ---- The market elosed mixed but with an easier bias after a quiet session. Dealers said press comment on yesterday's U.K. money supply figures and the deadlock in the coal miners' pay dispute affected market sentiment and at 1500 the F.T. index was down 1.9 to 519.8.

Government bonds showed net falls of up to 3/8 point, reflecting cash selling by discount houses for bank make up day booksquaring, they added. Equities showed narrowly mixed movements while gold shares and North American issues closed lower.

House of Fraser fell to a low of 151p from 157 after the U.K. Monopolies Commissioo disallowed its proposed merger with Lonrho. Later it rallied to close 3p higher at 160p. Lonrho was unchanged on the day at 80p. Huntley and Palmer gained 5p to 77p on bid speculation and

Granada closed 2p higher at 208 after higher 1980/81 profits. Thorn EMI and Glazo were both 7poff but other leading issues closed a penny or two either side of yesterday's closings.



JORDA	N TELE	VISIO
FOR	THURS	DAY

CHANNEL 3

4:30	Koran
4:45	Cartoons
5:10	Children's Programme
	Programme on Youth
6:40	Programme on Arts
	Documentary
	News in Arabic
	Arabic Series
	Varietics
10:10	
	News in Arabic

CHANNEL 6

French Programma News in French 7:00 7:30 News in Hebrew Muppet show 8:30 9:10 News in English 10:09 10:15 Movie of the Week: sandra Crossing" Ca

FOR FRIDAY

CHANNEL 3

p0)

10:00	Koran
10:20	Children's programme
11:00	
	Forest Ranger
13:45	Barriers
14:15	Soccer
15:03	Play Guitar
16:35	Play Guitar CHiPS
17.30	
19-00	
10.00	The second secon
18:30	Feature Film
19:30	
20:00	News in Arabic
20:30	Arabic Series
21.20	Local Variety Programme
41:30	LOCAL VALIELY FIOGRAMMOC
ZZ:00	Arabic series
23:00	News in Arabic

CHANNEL 6

6:00	
7:00	News in French
7:30	News in Hebrew
8:39	Mixed Blessings
9:00	Nero Wolfe
19:00	News in English
10:15	

RADIO JORDAN 855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz. FM

FOR THURSDAY .

	tions 08:15 Golden Treasury 08:39
7:09 Sign on	John Peel 09:00 World News; Brit-
7:01 Morning Show	ish Press Review 09:15 The World
7:39 News Bulletin	Today 09:30 Financial News 09:40
7:46 Morning Show	Look Ahead 09:45 Rock Salad
19:99 News Summary	18:15 Lord of the Flies 10:30 Just a
10:03 Pop Session	Minute 11:09 World News; News
11:00 Signing off	about Britain 11:15 Words that
12:00 News Headlines	changed Lives 11:30 Assignment
12:03 Pop Session	12:00 Radio Newsreel 12:15 Top
13:00 News Summary	Twenty 12:45 Sports Round-up
13:83 Pop Session	13:00 World News; 24 Hours:

	News
14:10	Instrumentals
14:30	Now Music
	Concert Hour
16.03	Instrumentals
16:30	Old Favourites
17:00	
17:30	Pop Session
18:00	News Summary
18-03	French way of Life
19.36	World of Arabian Music
	News Desk
19:30	Music
20:30	Evening Show
21:00	News Summary
21-03	Evening Show
17-06	Close down
22.00	
	FOR FRIDAY
7:00 _	Sign on

7:01

7:30

7:40

10:00

10:03

11:00

12:00

12:03

13:00

13:03

14:00 14:10

14:30

15:00

16:03

6:30

17:00

18:30

19:00

19:30

28:00

28-36

21:00

GMT

Morning Show mentary 23:15 Merchant News Bulletin Programme 23:30 Meridian

Moraing Show

Pop Session

teners' Choice

News Headlin

... Friday Special News Summary

. Pop Session

Instrumentals

Concert Hour

strumenta

Pop Session

Top Twenty

News Desi

. Andalucia

Jazz Hour

News Summary

Old Favourites

News Summary

Country Music

Over a Cup of Tea

& FRIDAY

The World Today 06:00 New

24 Hours: News Summary 67:38 Music for Strings 07:45 Network

U.K. 08:00 World News; Reflec-

. In Concert

... News

mar

News St

SELECTED CHANG FOR FRIDAY

64:36 Letter from London 5:30 Operata 06:30 The Rewards of Music 07:45 Merchant Navy Prog-ramme 08:15 Divertimento 08:30 Frank Muir Goes Into 10:30 Bus iness Matters 11:25 Ulster News letter 12:15 Jazz for the Asking 13:30 Human Rights 16:15 Science in Action 17:09 Just a Minute 17:4 The Week in Wales 18:38 The Rewards of Music 21:96 Network U.K. 21:15 Music Now 21:45 Letter from London 23:15 From the Weeklies 23:30 Michael Strogoff **VOICE OF AMERICA** GMT -

Close down 03:30 The Breakfast Show: 06:34 News, pop music, features, lis-teners' questions. 17:00 News **BBC WORLD SERVICE** Roundup; reports, opinion, anal-yses, 17:30 Dateline 18:00 Special FOR THURSDAY English; news, feature "The Mak-639, 720, 1413 KHz ing of a Nation," 18:30 Now Music USA 19:00 News Roundup

reports, opinion, analyser. 19:36 VOA Magazine: Americana, sci-04:00 Newsdesk 04:30 Classical ence, culture, letters. 28:00 Special Record Review 04:45 Financial News 04:55 Reflections 05:00 English; news 20:15 Multic USA (Jazz) 21:09 VOA World Report World News; 24 Hours News Summary 05:30 The Waltz 05:45 22:00 News, Correspondents reports, background features, media comments, analyses. 06:30 Nature Notebook 06:40 The Farming World 97:90 World News:

AMMAN AIRPORT

NOTE: The following airport arrivals and departures are provided to the Jordan Times by the Alia information department at Amman Airport, Tel. 92205-6. They should always be verified by phone before the arrival or departure of the flight.

FOR THURSDAY

ARRIVALS: 8:00 Cairo (EA)

News Summary 13:30 Cricket	8:45 Cairo
13:45 The Pleasure's Yours 14:30	8:55 Aqaba
Discovery 15:00 Radio Newsreel	9:00 Damascus
15:15 Outlook 16:00 World News;	9:30 Jeddab
Commentary 16:15 Assignment	9:40 Dishran
16:45 The World Today 17:00	9:45
World News 17:09 Meridian 17:40	9:45 Cairo
Waveguide 17:45 Sports Round up	9:50 Res Al Khaimah, Dubai
18:00 World News; News about	19:00 Doha, Bahrain
Britain 18:15 Radio Newsreel	10:00 Beint
18:30 Take it or Leave o 19:00 Out-	10:25
look: News Summary; Stock Mar-	11:05 Riyadh (SV)
ket Report 19:43 Look Ahead	15:30
19:45 Report On Religion 20:00	16:30
World News; 24 Hours News	16:55 Aqaba
Summary 20:30 A Jolly Good	· 17:00 Athens
Show 21:15 Ulster Newsletter	17:25 London (BA)
21:20 In the Meantime 21:30 Bus-	17:30 London
iness Matters 22:00 World News:	17:45 New York, Vienna
The World Today 22:25 Book	18:00 Cairo
Choice 22:30 Financial News 22:40	18:15 Amsterdam, Beirut (KLM)
Reflections 22:45 Sports Round-	19:30 Rome
up 23:00 World News; Com-	20:30 Frankfurt (LH)
mentary 23:15 Merchant Navy	20:30 Beirut (MEA)
Programme 23:30 Meridian	21:55
	01:00 Baghdad
SELECTED CHANGES	02:45 Baghdad
FOR FRIDAY	
FUR FRIDAT	

DEPARTURES

f	3:15 Budapest
	3:30 Cairo
n	6:15 Frankfurt (LH)
~	6:30 Damascus
	6:45 Beirut
3	7:00 Aqaba
5	9:90
	9:25 Beirut (MEA)
	10:30 Rome
	11:00 Amsterdam, New York
	11:15 Athens 11:25 Madrid, Casablanca
3	11:30 Cairo
	11:45 Geneva, Brussels
	11:45 Geneva, Zurich (SR)
	12:00 Paris, London
	12:15 Riyadh (SV)
_	13:00 Cairo
	15:00 Aqaba
	16:30 Kuwait (KAC)
	18:30 Beirut
	19:00
1	20:15 Bagbdad
	29:30 Abu Dhabi, Dubai
	22:45 Bagbdad
-	

FOR FRIDAY

ARRIVALS:

	Cairo (EA)
8:55	Aqaba
9:40	Kuwan
9:45 .	Dubai, Abu Dhab
9:45	Cairo
	Dhahran
	Beitte
	Jeddah, Medina (SV
	Tripoli
16.45	Tripoli, Tana
17:15	. Houston, N. York Vietn
17:20	Kuwait (KAC)
17:30	Park
17:20	Barrent Construction
17:35	Brussels, Geneva
17:40	Madrid, Athens
17:45	Frankfurt
18:00	London
19:35	Frankfurt (LH)
19.45	

28:60 23:55	Beirut (MEA)
DEPA	RTURES

:30	Cairo
-06	. Beirut, Amsterdam (KLM)
30	Beirut
	Aqaba
-00	
	Beirut (MEA)
- 30	London (BA)
	Vienna, N. York, Houston
1:10	Athens, Copenhagen
2706	London
0:35	Medina, Jeddah (SV)
6:45	Tripoli
8:25	Kuwait (KAC)
8:50	Abu Dhabi
9:00	Kuwait
9,15	Riyadh (SV)
9-20	Bahrain, Doha
9:20	Dhahran
9:30	Jeddab
7:45	Baghtad
9-55	Abu Dhabi
1.30	
- 30	Baghdad
	and a second second

EMERGENCIES FOR THURSDAY

DOCTORS:
Amman:
Tayseer Al Sa'di 77636
Sahman Al Dibwani
Irbid: Amin Abu Eideb 4468
Zarga:
Misbah Al Hijjawi 81217
PHARMACIES:

Neimukh 23672 Khirfan . 44198 25841 30237 nic ka Jabal Nuzha Zarge: (---Al Wahda 20.49 TAXIS:

Al Najah Sports City Khaldoun Al Mahd

Venicia

Al Salam

FOR FRIDAY DOCTORS: Hani Hadadeen . . 77751 Abdol Halim Al Afghani _ (--) Zaroa: Fathi Qu'war 82757 Irbid: Musa Malkawi 244 PHARMACIES:

Qurtab	 73375
Halah	 78911
Khalaf	 78653

Zarua:	
Al Inhad	

Irbid:	 	
Al Ghazawi	 73791	
TAXIS:		•

Habi	42201
Al Rainbow	
Al Rasheid	22023
Al Jamamah	
Al Sahra	
Јелісо	73106

CULTURAL CENTRES

American Centre British Council 36147-8 French Cultural Centre 37009 Goethe Institute 41993 Soviet Cultural Centre 44283 Spanish Cultural Centre 24049 Turkish Cultural Centre ... 39777 Haya Arts Centre . . 65195 Al Hussein Youth City 67181 YW.C.A. 41793 Y.W.M.A. 64251 Amman Municipal Library 36111 University of Jordan Library 843555/843666

MUSEUMS

Military Museum: Collection of military memorabilia dating from the Arab Revolt of 1916. Sports

Ambulance (government) Civil Defence rescue Jordan Electric Power Co. (emergency) Municipal water service (emergency) . Police headquarters sideh roving patrol rescue police, (English spoken) 24 hours a day for emergency Airport information (ALIA) Jordan Television ...

75111 61111 36381-2 37111-3 39141 21111, 3777 92205/92206

73111 74111

City, Amman. Opening hours 9 SERVICE CLUBS a.m.-4 p.m., Sunday to Friday. Closed on Saturdays. Tel. 64240.

Lions Philadelphia Club. Meetings Folklore Museum: Jewelry and cosevery second and fourth Wedtumes over 100 years old. Also nesday at the Grand Palace Hotel. mosaics from Madaba and Jerash 1.30 p.m. (4th to 18th centuries). The Lions Amman Club. Meetings Roman Theatre, Amman. Openevery first and third Wednesday at ing hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5 p.m. Year-

the Intercontinental Hotel, 1.30 D.III.

LOCAL EXCHANGE RATES

and sculpture by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countries and a collection of paintings by 19th Century orien- talist artists. Muntazah, Jabal Luweibdeh, Opening Hours: 10.00 a.m 1.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m 6.00 p.m. Closed on Tuesdays. Tel. 30128	Saudi riyal	
PRAYER TIMES FOR THURSDAY	U.K. sterling	
Pajr 4:58 Sumrise 6:26 Dimhr 11:28 'Asr 2:14 Maghreb 4:30 'Isha 5:58	(for every 100)	

USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS

round. Tel. 51760

Jordan Archaeological Museum

Has an excellent collection of the

antiquities of Jordan. Jabal Al Qal'a (Citadel Hill). Opening

hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. (Fri-days and official holidays 10.00

a.m. - 4.00 p.m.). Closed on Tucs-

Jordan National Gallery: Contains

a collection of paintings, ccramics,

Firstaid, fire, police	 199
Fire beadquarters	 090
Cablegram or telegram	 18

Telephone:

Information	12
Jordan and Middle East trunk calls	10
Overseas radio and satellite calls	17
Telephone maintenance and repair service	11

MARKET PRICES

200 140 130

200

120 220

150

140

140

150

200 450 200

350

250

200

180

70

400

190

170

240

180

260

200

180

180

.190

100

260

550

250

400

300

260

225

Apples (Golden)	20
Apples (Double Red)	20
Apples (Starken)	200
Lemons	10
Oranges (Abu surra)	18
Oranges (Shamouti)	12
Oranges (local)	8
Oranges (French)	12
Cauliflowers	23
Tangerine	150
Bomali	140
Carrot (yellow)	10
Carrot (black)	14
Turnips	120
Chestnut	520
Grapefruit	7
Beet 150	10.

Radio Jordan 4458 23839 63273 62315 37312 Tomatoes Eggplant

Potatoes (imported)

Marrow (small)

Marrow (large)

Sweet Pepper

Onions (dry)

Green onions

Coconut (piece)

Bananas (Mukammar)

Cabbage

Gariic

Beans

3673

Bananas

Spinach

Cucumber (small)

Cucumber (large).

Hot Green Pepper

BANGALORE, India, Dec. 9

(A.P.) - England crawled to 181

for four wickets at stumps today

on a docile wicket after winning

the toss against India on the open-

ing day of the second test in this

The tourists lost two wickets

toward the end of the day's play.

Stumps were drawan seven

minutes ahead of schedule

because of the lengthening

aggregate score in the tournament.

counterattack in 24 minute.

marked Romanian attackers.

in sunny, spring-like weather.

some five metres.

Sweden's IFK Goetebora edaes

Romania's Dynamo out of UEFA Cup

BUCHAREST, Dec. 9 (A.P.) - IFK Goetehorg of Sweden today

edged Dynamo of Bucharest 1-0 in a third-round, second-leg game

of UEFA Soccer Cnp and advanced ro the next round on a 4-1

IFK had previously defeated Dynamo 3-1 on home ground.

Nilsson scored the only goal of the closely fought game after a fast

Dynamo pressed almost incessantly but lacked the right ideas to

IFK proved vastly dangerous on counter attacks and after Nilsson

scored from such an action, the Swedes missed other good scoring

opportunities such as a solo run by centre forward Corneliusson in

73rd who dribbled the goalie . at sent the ball near the goal from

"crossbar" following a header by Augustin in 62nd. The match was played before 20,000 fans at the Dynamo Stadium

Pakistan's cricketers 'fired up'

for third test against Australia

Dynamo had a string of occasions that culminated with a

get past Swedish defence wall of tall and athletic players who strictly

southern Indian city.

shadows

England crawl to 181 for 4

on opening day of 2nd test

David Gower, the 24-year-old

Leicestershire left-band cricketer,

was hatting with 62 runs while

Fletcher had yet to open his score.

nataka State Cricket Association

(KSCA) stadium gave no help to

Although the wicket at the Kar-

SPORTS

Spain will have to contain English footballers, fans

LONDON, Dec. 9 (R) — If Engiand win the 1982 World Soccer Cuo, which is about as likely as their hooligan fans earning an award for sportsmanship, they will owe at least a nod of appreciation to non-qualifiers Switzerland.

For it was only the late intervention of the Swiss, who took three priceless points off Romania in group four, that ensured England's place in the finals for the first time for 12 years.

England's qualification with group-winners Hungary will be net with mixed feelings by their Spanish bosts.

The 1966 world champions remain a crowd-pulling attraction, but it is the hooligan element among their supporters who are likely to grab most of the headlines in Spain.

English fans have gained a notorious reputation in recent trips abroad which have degenerated into unsavoury, drunken brawls.

In May, they fought rival Swiss fans during the World Cup qualifving match in Basic and later rampaged through the streets, smashing shop windows. In last year's European Champ-

ionship Italian police had to use tear gas to hreak up fights on the terraces during England's match against Belgium in Turin.

England made hard work of qualifying from a mediocre group and although their genuine, if misguided, fans rate Kevin Keegan,

FOR RENT

Trevor Francis and Trevor Brooking as world class players, others disagree

Sir Alf Ramsey and Cesar Luis Menotti are among the critics and they should know what they are talking about. Ramsey masterminded the 1966 triumph while Menotti guided Argentina to the

world crown in 1978. Ramsey slated England after the 2-1 defeat in Norway in September and said: "I haven't seen a world class player in English football for the past seven or eight years. Menotti shared that jndgement

after watching England lose 1-0 Brazil in May, one of three defeats England have suffered at Wembley this year. The others were at the hands of Scotland and Spain.

"They produced a lot of activity as England always will, hut showed virtually no conception of how to score goals at this level," Menotti said.

'Too many of the players are not international class. Whether u is lack of technique or imagination I can't say. But the problem is there," the Argentine manager added. One man convinced England

> can make a mark in Spain is Bohby Charlton, the bero of 1966. "England are on the way up, of that I'm positive," he said. "There

are a number of young players

coming through and Aston Villa

pair Tony Morley and Gordon

Cowans could make a big inpression if given the chance." But whether manager Ron Greenwood will give youth its fling is arguable.

Players like full-backs Phil Neal and Mick Mills, midfielder Terry McDermott and striker Paul Mariner have all been found wanting. But replacements are thin on the ground.

Arsenal full-back Kenny Sanson, described hy Menotti as 'the only player of true international class' against Brazil should certainly he recalled, as should Tottenham's gifted midfielder Glenn Hoddle and West Bromwicb striker Cyrille Regis.

Greenwood's biggest headache is in the heart of his defence where West Ham's Alvin Martin has taken over from 35-year-old Dave Watson.

Martin may be 13 years younger than Watson hut a sprint between the pair over 25 metres would be a sedate affair, probably resulting in a photo-finish.

Such lack of pace in the middle of the defence was England's downfall when they lost to Norway, Switzerland and Romania

away from home. Mysteriously, while fortunes have sagged at international level, English clubs have reigned unchallenged in Europe for the past five years.

England are not as bad as their severest critics claim, nor nearly MELBOURNE, Dec. 9 (A.P.) as good as their most fervent fans boast and the presence of goalkeeper Ray Clemence, Keegan and Brooking should assure them with Australia and had something of a place in the later stages in to prove.

starting at the Melbourne Cricket Pakistan cricket captain Javed Ground (MCG) Friday two tests Miandad said today night his team down and needing to salvage was "fired up" for the third test pride.

"We have got only this test to go and we have something to prove." Miandad said after practice at the

the howlers, the English first Skipper Keith Fletcher who came on the wicket after the fall of innings was marked by dull scoring. The Englishmen hit 84 runs nightwatchman John Lever surhefore lunch, 46 in the second sesvived a confident legbefore-wicket appeal just before sion and 51 after the tea break. the day's play ended. At close,

Chris Tavare, who partnered Gower in a 84-run third wicket stand, was trapped legbefore-wicket by Madan Lal in his first over with the second new hall. In the next over, Kapil Dev dismiaaed Lever with a sharp inswinger that struck the Englishman on the front pad right in front of the stumps.

Graham Gooch and Geoff Boycott opened their team's innings. Boycott, England's most experienced player, gave Krishnamachari Srikant at forward short-leg an easy catch when he was on nine hut the 21-year-old Indian failed to hold it.

Dilip Vengsarkar muffcd another catch before the lunch interval to give Gooch a new lease of life.

India claimed the first wicket soon after lunch when Boycott. edged a low outswinger from Dev into the hands of captain Sunil Gavaskar in the second slip position.

Eight runs later, Gooch mistimed a shot off a flighted ball from spinner Ravi Shastri when he was on 58 to give Gavaskar his second catch.

At tea, England was 130 for two wickets. Tavare and Gower quickened the run rate in the third session of play. Gower used his wrist brilliantly to glance the spinners. His unbeaten knock of 62 runs included several elegant hits to the boundary.

Medium pacer Dev was In most successful bowler, takin wickets. But it was off-sp Ravi Shastri who trouble batsmen with his flight and st The 20-year-old university dent ended the day with one ket for 11 runs in 18 overs, h which were maiden.

GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES H. GOREN

- 1981 by Chicago Tribuñe Neither vulnerable, North deals. NORTH **♦ A J 9 ♡AK2** 0 AQ7 **+** A Q 86 EAST WEST **♦ K Q 3 4**5 ♥7543 ♥QJ109 ◇K962 ◇J1053 4K3 **4** J942 SOUTH 1087642 ♥86 084 + 1075 The bidding: North East South West 3 NT Pass 4 + Pass Pass Pass

Opening lead: Queen of ♡.

When the preponderance

of your side's assets are con-

centrated in one hand. en-

tries to the weaker hand are

often scarcer than ben's

teeth. Thus, you have to

utilize those entries as

judiciously as possible.

suits! He did the best he could by leading another heart. South carefully discarded a dia. mond from his hand and ruf. fed in dummy. After cashing the ace of trumps and ace of diamonds, declarer came to hand with a diamond ruff and led a low cluh. Had West followed with a low club, declarer would have played dummy's eight. That would have given him the extra chance of finding West with the jack-nine of clubs as well as the king - if the eight lost to the nine or jack, declarer

contract, not a siam try,

South would have had to find

some other bid had he been

interested in higger things,

hearts, won by dummy's

king. Declarer could take

finesses in three suits, but he

had only one entry to his

hand. However, he used it to

best advantage. Declarer

won the king of hearts, cash-

ed the ace and entered his

hand with a heart ruff. Now

he led a trump and inserted

dummy's jack. East won, but

at trick four, he found

himself end played in four

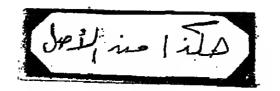
West lod the queea ef

could later finesse the queen. North upgraded his band 1 However, West inserted the nine of clubs, and the point for possession of all four aces, so his opening hid queen lost to the king. East was justified. South corcashed the queen of spades rected because his hand was and exited with the king of useless at any contract other diamonds. Declarer ruffed. than his long major. Note led the ten of clubs and let it. that four spades was simply ride. What that held, he was an attempt to improve the home and dry.

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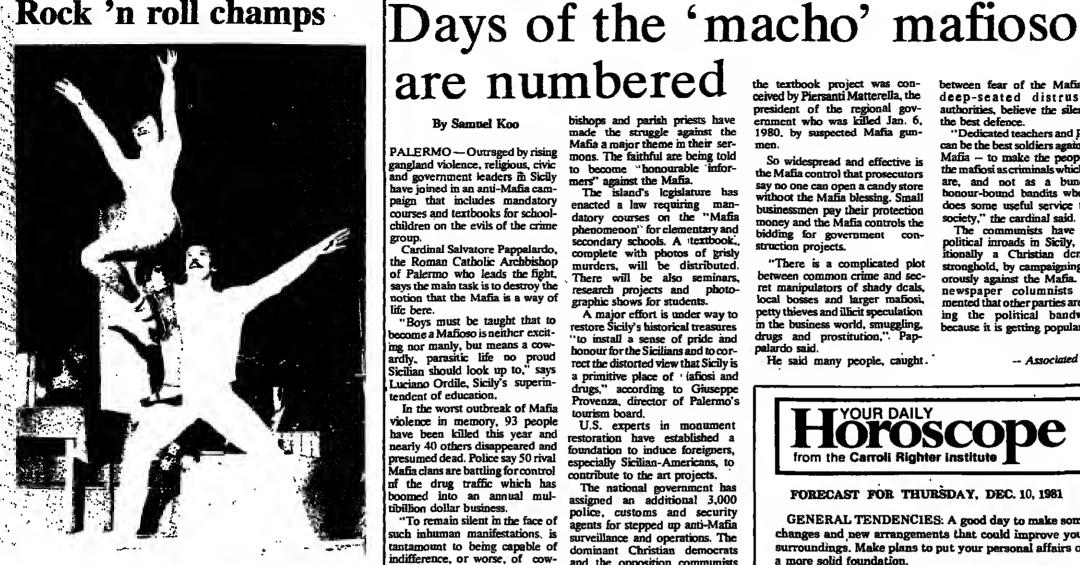
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JORDAN TIMES, THURSDAY-FRIDAY DECEMBER 10-11, 1981

FEATURES-

Rock 'n roll champs



IUNICH - A German couple, lagrit and Peter Haag, won te fourth official world nateur world rock 'n roll ampionship in Munich. They are both teachers, lagrit teaches biology and eter is a sports teacher. UNE 1981

Unscramble these four Jumbles

four ardinary words.

ROCKA

one lattsr to aech square, to form

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1810 D H.

German couples came second and third. Germany also won the team event. ten countries took part.

-- German Features

UMBLE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME by Henri Amoid and Bob Lee

Rock 'n roll amateurs from

said in his homily at a special mass dedicated for the Mafia victims here last month. Raging mob warfare also has hit' other parts of Italy, claiming lives in record numbers. The Mafiatype gronp Camorra is blamed for more than 200 killings in the

Naples area and a similar underworld organisation is held responsible for nearly 100 murders in Calabria in Southern Italy. Two Italian news magazines devoted recent cover stories to fear generated by the spreading crime in urban centres. The Sicilians' fight against the underground criminals is being waged on various fronts.

"Boys must be taught that to

Luciano Ordile, Sicily's superin-

ibillion dollar business.

At Pappalardo's instruction, all And the second

are numbered the textbook project was conbetween fear of the Mafia and ceived by Piersanti Matterella, the deep-seated distrust of president of the regional govauthorities, believe the silence is bishops and parish priests have ernment who was killed Jan. 6, the best defence. By Samuel Koo "Dedicated teachers and Priests

made the struggle against the Mafia a major theme in their ser-PALERMO - Outrsged by rising mons. The faithful are being told gangland violence, religious, civic

to become "honourable informers" against the Mafia. The island's legislature has enacted a law requiring mandatory courses on the "Mafia children on the evils of the crime phenomenon" for clementary and secondary schools. A textbook, Cardinal Salvatore Pappalardo, complete with photos of grisly murders, will be distributed. There will be also seminars, says the main task is to destroy the research projects and photonotion that the Mafia is a way of graphic shows for students.

A major effort is under way to restore Sicily's historical treasures 'to install a sense of pride and honour for the Sicilians and to correct the distorted view that Sicily is a primitive place of ' lafiosi and drugs," according to Giuseppe Provenza, director of Palermo's In the worst outbreak of Mafia tourism board.

violence in memory, 93 people U.S. experts in monument have been killed this year and restoration have established a nearly 40 others disappeared and foundation to induce foreigners. presumed dead. Police say 50 rival especially Sicilian-Americans, to Mafia clans are battling for control contribute to the art projects.

The national government has assigned an additional 3,000 police, customs and security "To remain silent in the face of agents for stepped up anti-Mafia such inhuman manifestations, is surveillance and operations. The tantamount to being capable of dominant Christian democrats and the opposition communists ardly acquiesence," the cardinal are jointly working on legislation aimed at protecting witnesses and jurors who testify or act against Mafia criminals

Pappalardo, who gained promincrce by politicians for their sil-ence on Mafia-run property and building speculation, said he does not expect the campaign to yield immediate results. "Old habits and suspicions die hard, because the Mafia has been around since feudal times, the people have acquired an attitude of indifference as a psychological defense," he told reporters after the special mass.

Officials in the regional goverament say strengthened law enforcement alone is not sufficient to fight the Mafia hold. They said 1980, by suspected Mafia guncan be the best soldiers against the

So widespread and effective is the Mafia control that prosecutors say no one can open a candy store withoot the Mafia blessing. Small businessmen pay their protection money and the Mafia controls the bidding for government con-struction projects.

"There is a complicated plot between common crime and secret manipulators of shady dcals, local bosses and larger mafiosi, petty thieves and illicit speculation in the business world, smuggling, drugs and prostitution," Pap palardo said.

He said many people, caught.



FORECAST FOR THURSDAY, DEC. 10, 1981

GENERAL TENDENCIES: A good day to make some changes and new arrangements that could improve your surroundings. Make plans to put your personal affairs on a more solid foundation.

Mafia - to make the people see

the matiosi as criminals which they

are, and not as a bunch of

honour-bound bandits who also

does some useful service to the

political inroads in Sicily, trad-

itionally a Christian democrat

stronghold, by campaigning vig-

orously against the Mafia. Some

newspaper columnists com-

mented that other parties are join-

ing the political bandwagon

-- Associated Press

because it is getting popular.

society," the cardinal said.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Take advantage of an opportunity to advance in your line of endeavor and gain more benefits. Be active and cheerful.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) You are able to change your surroundings and gain more comfort. Come to a better undarstanding with a co-worker.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Take time for recreation that will relieve tensions you are under. Avoid group meetings today. Use care in motion.

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) Take care of routine chores before thinking about recreation. Establish more order around yon.

LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Ideal day to gain the cooperation of allies for any new and practical ideas you may have. Avoid investing too heavily.

VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) You find it much easier now to handle monetary matters intelligently and get good results. Relax tonight.

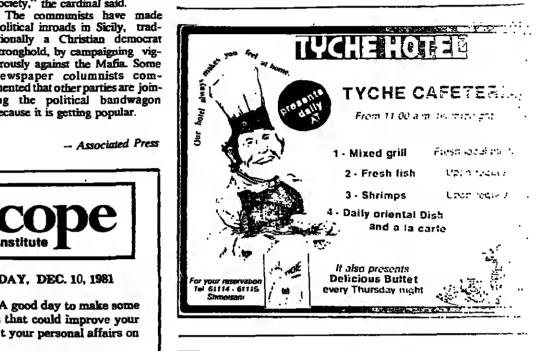
LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) You can pursue personal aims in a positive way and get good results now. Think more and you need not work so hard.

SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) You are able to garner that information that has been elusive in the past. Take steps to improve health and appearance.

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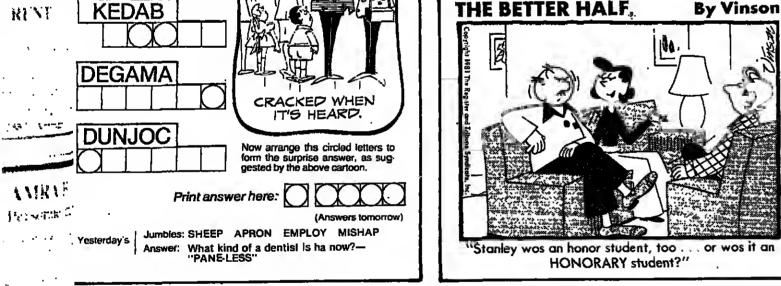
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SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Good day to visit friends you truly like, so plan tima for this. Adopt a more logical outlook on life.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Do something that will improve your position in the community. An uplift in career affairs is possible at this time.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Let your influence be felt far and wide and gain added prestige. Do nothing that could harm your reputstion.

PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Study your contracts and agreements and know the best way of handling them in tha future. Show that you have poise.

IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY ... he or she will be one who can understand the practical phases of any situation, so be sure to give a good religioua and ethical foundation early in life for best results. An outstanding sports leader in this chart.

"Tha Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to you!

FORECAST FOR FRIDAY, DEC. 11, 1981

GENERAL TENDENCIES: An excellent day to observe the progress you have made and to make more plans for the future. State your viewe to influential persons who can be helpful to you. Be logical.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) A fine day to examine new outlets through which to expand. A direct course is the best to follow at this time.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Use a more direct method where finances are concerned and gain benefits. Take needed health treatments today.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Come to the right decision concernings relations with associates. Be sure to spend your money wisely today.

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) Gat your work done early in the day so you'll have more time for social activities later. Use care in motion.

LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) A time to be calm while going after a personal aim. Take constructive steps to improve the quality of your life.

VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) You are able now to get the support of associates in a new project you have in mind. Show others that you are wise.

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) State your views to associates early in tha day and come to a fine agreement. Strive for increased happiness.

SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Don't neglect to handle monatary affairs that are important to your welfare. Be more reassuring to loved one.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Study your financial status and find a better way to increase your income. Be wary of false friends.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Obtain important information you need at the right aources. Maintain a cheerful disposition at all times today.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Fab. 19) Morning is best time to be gregarious and to talk with key persons. Seek the company of congenials tonight.

PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Go after your personal aims in a positive manner and get excellent results. Take no risks with your reputation.

IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY ... he or she will be one of those delightful persons who will adopt the right philosophy that could lead to a most successful life. Be sure to give ethical and spiritual training early in life. Sports are a must in this chart.

"Tha Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely np to youl

THE Daily Crossword By John P. Napoli

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JORDAN TIMES, THURSDAY-FRIDAY DECEMBER 10-11, 1961

OIEIED

The Sakharovs end fast as Moscow meets demand

MOSCOW, Dec. 9 (R) - Liza Alexeyeva, the woman at the centre of Soviet dissident Andrei Sakharov's hunger strike, said today she had been told she could leave the country.

She said the KGB security police had also told her Dr. Sakharov had ended his hunger strike to press for her right to emigrate.

Page 8

Miss Alexeyeva, 26, was summoned to the KGB headquarters in the centre of Moscow.

She said an officer named Alexander Baranov told her the authorities had agreed to accede to her request for a visa so that she could join her husband-by-proxy. Alexei Semyonov, in the United States.

Polish church tries to stop party rhetoric

WARSAW, Dec. 9 (R) -Polaod's powerful Romao Catholic church is trying to avert a threatened conflict betweeo the ruling Communists and the Solidarity free trade union.

Primate Jozef Glemp intervened as relations between the union and the government sank to a new low with the authorities depicting the union as an organisation bent on destroying the Communist system in Poland.

The primate seot a letter to the Sejm (parliameot) warniog deputies that they could provoke a tragic social explosioo if they compiled with demands by the Communist Party and approved emergency laws banning strikes and restricting other liberties.

Church officials said the primate also addressed letters to Solidarity leader Lech Walesa and party chief, Gen. Wojciech Jaruzelski, calling on them to renew their search for peace.

Archbishop Glemp dispatched his letters on Monday as the Communists launched an intensive propaganda campaign against the unioo on the basis of radical remarks made by Mr. Walesa and other leaders at a closed session.

The union leader said coofrontation between Solidarity and the Communists was inevitable. Regional chiefs called for the overthrow of the Communist goverament.

The officer said Dr. Sakharov and his wife Yelena Bonner had abandoned their hunger strike yesterday on its 17th day.

Mr. Semyonov is Mrs. Bonner's son by her first marriage. Miss Alexeyeva said she was told the speed with which she would he allowed to leave the Soviet Unico depended on her

cooduct with foreigners. She said Mr. Baranov had told her to show restraint in relations with foreign correspondents since her comments "could arouse an anti-Soviet mood in the West."

Very odd

Asked if she believed what she had been told, she replied: "I cannot check it. It all seems very strange to me.

She said everything seemed odd because she had telephoned emigration authorities and they knew nothing of a decisioo to give her a

LONDON, Dec. 9 (A.P.) - Loo-

dooers ahaodoned stranded

commuter trains and walked to

work along electrified tracks yes-

terday as much of Eogland and

Wales was blanketed by up to

eight inches of snow in the first fall

The sudden storm brought large

sections of Britain's rail system

and London's subway network to

a standstill. It blocked major

highways and grounded planes at

London's Heatbrow and other

airports for much of the morning.

Bailey criminal coort were

delayed because judges and jurors

did not show up because of the

transportation chaos. Some com-

muters took five hours to get into

London instead of the normal

Trials at London's famed Old

of winter.

at which Miss Alexeyeva could She added that Mr. Baranov leave the country might possibly told her the Sakharovs were already feeling better. be used to delay her departure for Miss Alexeyeva said she was some time, they added.

Snowstorm stops traffic

in England and Wales

in Europe also told during the 20-minute meeting that it would be decided LONDON, Dec. 9 (R) — The British are the happiest people in later whether she could travel to Gorky to see the Sakharovs. Europe, according to a \$2 million The 60-year-old human rights

from her parents.

he allowed to leave.

to Miss Alexeyeva.

the fast.

official told her Dr. Sakharov and

Mrs. Bonner had agreed to give up

their fast only when told she would

The couple were takeo to hos-

pital last Friday and friends feared

they were heing force-fed to eod

pressure on issues like this and

predicted that the case could still

turn out to he very complicated.

Farenheit did not stop the cente-

oary rugby match between Bri-

tain's top two universities. Cam-

bridge and Oxford, at Loodon's

Londoo's Heathrow Airport,

one of the work's busiest air

centres, was badly hit. Thousands

of passengers were delayed. All

British Airways domestic and

European flights were held up,

some for several hours. A score

several hours after British Air-

ports Authority truck and hus

drivers at Heathrow staged a

slow-down over a union demar-

Their job action caused major

delays in clearing runways. Air-

port managers and supervisors

The havoc was worsened for

Twickenham stadium.

The conditions set for the speed

survey of 20 countries. campaigner was banished to the The Spanish and the Italians city in Jan. 1980. were found to be the most mis-Last Friday the government daily Izvestia said Miss Alexeyeva erable with the West Germans not

far behind. would not be given an exit visa. The survey, commissioned by It said Soviet authorities did not the European Values Study recognise her marriage to Mr.

Group and other bodies, incloding Semyonov and they were respoodthe Roman Catholic Church, said ing to objections to her emigration Britoos and their cootineotal neighbours worried about the economy and the weather. Miss Alexeyeva said the KGB

Britons

said to be

the happiest

But the British speot more time laughing, said the survey. Ninety five per cent of Britons questioned said they were very happy or quite happy with their lot in life.

Britons also seemed to be more patriotic. Sixty-two per ceot said they would fight for their country compared to 43 per ceot in France, 35 per cent in West Ger-

Western diplomats expressed surprise at the information given many and 28 per cent in Italy. And, the survey said, most Bri-toos actually liked working. They said it was highly unusual for the Soviet leadership to bow to

About 77 per cent said their first priority was to find an interesting job. High wages ranked fourth after working with pleasant people and joh security. The French, West Germans,

Italians and Spaniards put good pay at the top of their list.

2 W. Germans sent to Soviet labour camps

MOSCOW, Dec. 9 (R) - Two West German lorry drivers were sentenced to Soviet labour camps today after they were coovicted of smuggling millions of marks worth of currency and goods in and out of the Soviet Union.

Karl Schoreoberg was condemned to five years in a strict regime camps and Horst Ginster to three years in a regular camp by a Moscow court.

They worked for a Bonn company carrying office equipment and foreigners' personal effects to and from Moscow.

They were found guilty of using the journeys to smuggle currency, icons and silverware out of the Soviet Union and bringing clo-thing and watches back in from the West

The presiding judges said the

Soviets said to retaliate against Afghan civilians

NEW DELHL Dec. 9 (R) -Soviet troops have retaliated against Afghan rebel attacks in Ghazni, south of Kahul, by indiscriminately killing civilians and using tanks to flatten huildings. diplomatic sources said today.

The sources said there had been recent deterioration of security in Ghazni, town and province. which has been a centre of rebel resistance. The Soviel forces were said to

be particularly severe in their retaliation. Attacks on Russians prompted immediate and indiscriminate killiog of Afghao Danish premier civilians and use of tanks to destroy houses, the sources said.

quits after On the political froot, the sources said there were growing election losses reports in Kabul that government changes were in the offing.

Soviet impatieoce over cootinued COPENHAGEN, Dec. 9 (R) feuding betweeo the rival Parchal Denmark's Queen Margrethe (Flag) and Khalq (People) fac-Mioister Aoker Joergeosen's tions in the ruling People's Democratic Pary (PDP). The Russians wanted Presideot

ernment today after his party suf-Babrak Karmal, a Parchalist, to include more Khalqis in his govgeneral election, palace sources ernment during changes made last June, they said.

But Mr. Karmal resisted this continue as caretaker prime and made Sultan Ali Kishtmand, minister and conduct negotiations who is strongly anti-Khalq, his to try to form a new administprime minister, the sources said. ratioo.

Indo-Sino border talks start The talks were arranged during

PEKING, Dec. 9 (R) - Indian and Chinese orgotiators open talks here tomorrow oo the border dispute which led the two countries to war in 1962, Although one Indian source

through seemed improhable and

the talks, due to last until Sunday,

were seen as a first step in a loog

and complex process.

DOWN

bolised the slow, and still uneven, improvement in relations between the two Asian states. said the discussions were opening in a spirit of "serious and amicable purposefulness." and early break-

said.

The Indian side will be led hy a foreign affairs secretary. Eric Gonsalves, who irritated Peking last May when he was quoted in a Malaysian newspaper as saying the Chinese were behaving like

"idiots" over Indochina.

a visit to India last June by Foreign

Minister Huang Hua which sym-

Nothing has been announced

officially in Kabul about Mr. Kish-

tmand since he left for Bulgaria on

Oct. 18, although the Afghan

Embassy in Moscow said on Dec.

2 that he had been in the Soviet

capital for the past two months

so it was unusual that no official

mention had been made in Kabul.

Mr. Kishtmaod's continued

absence without official expla-

nation had inevitably led to specu-

accepted the resignation of Prime

Social Democratic minority gov-

fered major losses in yesterday's

Mr. Joergensen has said he will

lation about his future.

The sources said that if this was

undergoing medical treatment.

WORLD NEWS BRIEFS

Muscovite arrested for suing the KGB

MOSCOW, Dec. 9 (R) - Police have arrested a man. who MOSCOW, LEC. 9 (K) - a stand or compensation against the brought the first known civil action for compensation against the KGB security police, his wife said. Lena Tomachinsky said police officers came to their flat two hours after the Moscow city court vuled vesterday that the case was beyond its jurisdiction and arrested her husband viktor Tomachinsky without any warrant or authorisation. She told Reuters by telephone that he would be held in custody for three days pending investigations. Mr. Tomachinsky, a 36-year-old motor mechanic, claimed 13,400 roubles (\$20.000) compensation from the KGB for baying broken a pledge to lead to emigrate to the United States.

The case of the shortened corpse

MANULA, Dec. 9 (R) - The family of a tall Filipino musicing who died of a heart attack is suing a funeral parlour here for shortening his legs to fit him into a coffin, a local newspaper reported today. The People's Journal newspaper quoted the family as saying they became suspicious when they saw during mouning that the coffin was too short for the dead man who was 1.98 metres tall. On closer inspection it was found his knees were in close to the pelvic bones. The legs had apparently been shortened

Japanese robot kills factory worker

TOKYO. Dec. 9 (R) - The Japanese government today ordered a probe of safety standards in industrial automation after a factory robot suddenly burst into life and killed its human minder. The labour ministry said it was setting up a committee to inquire into accidents following disclosure of the first recorded killing of a worker by a robot at a factory near the western city of Kobe in July. According to an official report, Kenji Urawa, 37, was crushed to death against a gear-cutting machine hy a robot's arm

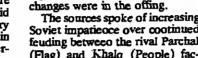
France offers India nuclear expertise

NEW DELHI, Dec. 9 (A.P.) - India has only to ask and France will share its expertise in any area of nuclear energy research and development, including the fast-hreeder test reactor India now a working on, France's science and technology minister Jean-Pierre Chevenement said here yesterday.

Salvadorean army hunts guerrillas

SAN SALVADOR, Dec. 9 (R) - About 2,000 government troops have begun a big anti-guerrilla sweep in El Salvador, where 26,000 people have died in political violence over the past two years, a military spokesman said. Airborne troops and infantry backed by artillery are taking part in the operation in the mountainous castern province of Morazan, the spokesman sail.





e ualo noes, However, the snow the temperatures of minus 28 degrees

manned plows to open runways before the dispute was settled around noon.

were cancelled,

cation dispute.

amounted to more than 10 million marks (\$4.5 million).

Peace in the Middle East: a U.S. view

Following is the text of a radio press conference with Nicholas Veliotes, assistant secretary of state for Middle East affairs, broadcast earlier this week on the Voice of America.

Mr. McCrory: Peace in the Middle East remains one of the major goals of U.S. foreign policy, and current developments point to the long and difficult

task in achieving this goal. After sharp debate, the Israeli partiament has approved the new strategic cooperation agreement, signed by the United States and Israel. It calls for cooperation in the defense of the Middle East from any aggression by the Soviet Union or outside forces controlled by Moscow.

On another controversial issue, agreement seems near on European par-ticipation in the Sinai peace-keeping force. Israel is scheduled to withdraw from the Sinai next April under the Camp David accords. Special Middle East envoy Philip Habib has run into new problems in his

efforts to find the peaceful solution to the internal strife in Lebanon. And in other developments, there was a recent collapse of the Arab summit meeting in Morocco, after disagreement over the Saudi Arabian peace plan.

in Morocco, aner disagreement over the annu guest today. He is Nicholas These are just a few of the issues facing our guest today. He is Nicholas Veliotes, assistant secretary of state for Middle Eastern and South Asian Affairs. Mr. Veliotes, who served as U.S. Ambassador to Jordan from 1978 to 1981, is a career diplomat with long service in that part of the world. His assignments include deputy chief of mission in Tet Aviv, deputy director of the policy planning staff and deputy assistant secretary of state for Middle Eastern and South Asian Affairs.

Mr. Secretary, welcome to the programme.

Mr. Vehotes: Thank you, Bill.

an Real results and the second s

Mr. McCrory: The news correspondents on our panel are Harry Ellis of the Christian Science Monitor, Clive Small of the BBC, and Henry Trewhitt of the Baltimore Sun.

We'll begin our questions with Mr. Trewhitt.

Mr. Trewhitt: Mr. Secretary, let's begin with the recent Arab summit meeting in Morocco. The United States had been receiving some help from Saudi Arabia, at least in the background, in some of its diplomatic undertakings, I guess most especially with regard to the effort to try to stabilise

The Saudis had a very rough time in Morocco. Their peace programme was, in effect, rejected. The meeting broke up in some disorder

Do you expect the Saudis to retreat back into their shell, or do you expect that they will still be belpful?

Mr. Veliotes: Well, we expect that the government of Saudi Arabia will continue to pursue policies which it considers to be in its own interests. That would include, of course, continuation of the role that Saudi Arabia is playing in Lebanon, seeking to create conditions whereby a national reconciliation can be facilitated.

As you know, this is complementary to the work of ambassador Habib who, as yon mentioned or it was mentioned earlier, is in the area again. Mr. Habib's primary focus is on strengthening and maintaining the cease fire in the south.

I would expect that the events at Fez, as they are interpreted and analysed over the coming weeks, particularly by the participants, will have a bearing on the future of policies by the various countries, but I would not expect that it would have any major impact on the direction of Saudi policy either with respect to the peace process or with a particular focus on Lebanon itself.

Mr. Trewhitt: That reminds me of a corollary point, really. Some aspects of the Saudi peace programme were consistent at least with the attitude of some of our European allies, some aspects of approaches to the PLO on Israeli abandonment of some occupied territory, that sort of thing.

The rejection of the Saudi plan, that is, the inability of the Arab gov-eraments to unite behind that plan, strikes me as being perhaps an indication to the Europeans that they're going down the wrong road, but at least to discourage them from any sort of initiatives in the near future.

Is the -- the European approach a dead letter at the moment? It is in abeyance? Are we likely to hear much from the European in that regard in the carly future?

Mr. Veliotes: Well, it remains to be seen what the impact of the develop-

.

ments at Fez will be on the Europeans, and you're talking, I believe, about the Venice declaration. Mr. Trewhitt: Exactly.

Mr. Veliotes: The so-called European initiative. We have no indication that the EC-10 do not maintain their adherence to the Venice declaration. Whether or not there will be movement to promote this initiative in some active way or more active way in the future, I think remains to be seen. Mr. McCrory: Mr. Small. Mr. Small: Could we turn to the memorandum of understanding on

strategic cooperation with Israel?

Will this be perceived in spite of all the explanations you have brought to bear on this issue; will it be perceived by the Arab side as for - America forfeiting her role as an impartial mediator? Mr. Vefiotes: Well, I've read reports of certain Arab at least news agencies

purporting to speak for governments that had this line. I would urge everyone ted in the subject, first, to read the memorandum of understanding. It is a public document. It was deliberately decided that it should be public. There are no classified or hidden annexes. It means exactly what it says, no more and no less. We don't see why such a document, which in essence builds on the long-

standing American security cooperation relationship with Israel, should be interpreted by anyone as disqualifying the United States from the — what we believe is its essential role in the continuing search for peace in the Middle East.

Mr. Small: Is there a danger that it could be seen as another example of the deflection of effort in the Middle East away from what Arabs perceive as the central issue, which is the solution of the Palestinian problem towards a much wider and a perhaps more nebulous danger, namely the threat of incursion by the Soviet Union which, in effect, could be more likely to occur through the

lack of solution on that very Palestinian problem? Mr. Velices: We have maintained from the beginning of the administ-ration that the peace and security policies of the president are interdependent and nutually supportive. We do not view this particular manifestation of the security policy of this administration as deflecting from any initiative towards

Indeed, we've pointed out many times publicly that we believe that the extent to which the various parties have greater confidence in their own security, that this will be more likely to make them willing to take the certain risks that are entailed as we move forward on the peace process. That's a long way of saying no.

Mr. McCrory: Mr. Ellis.

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Mr. Ellis: Mr. Secretary, I'd like to follow up on my colleagues's questions with a question about U.S. Middle East policy in general.

Among the strongest elements of our policy are, of course, friendship with Israel, with Egypt, with Saudi Arabia. Now, as it happens, the Israelis are very much opposed to or annious about the closer relationship between the Saudis and the United States.

The Saudis oppose the Camp David process, and apparently also the U.S. involvement with Oman in the security field.

What I'm really getting at is: How much coordination is there among the separate strands of U.S. policy? Is there, in fact, something working here at cross purposes?

Mr. Veliotes: American interest in the Middle East and in the broader Middle East, certainly to include the Gulf, are varied, and they're all important, we have to pursue them all at the same time. We don't have the luxury of choosing as between one interest and another,

The geopolitical interest, the strategic interest, the energy interest, the security of Israel which is a very important interest, commercial, economic, financial

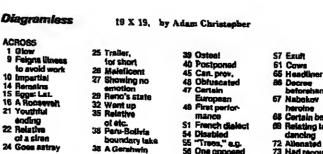
We have friends in the area, Israel and Arabs, who have differing views at times, differing views from us on certain aspects of our policies, including the peace process. This makes it more difficult, more complicated to pursue our basic policies that I described earlier as security and peace in order to promote our many and varied important interests out there.

This, however, should not be viewed as a sign of inconsistency of that we don't have a good idea of where we're going or how. We do. However, the fact that our good friends disagree with us at times, and

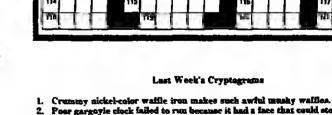
certainly amongst themselves, as to the correctness of policy does complicate

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script	land	68 Acrid	96 Moves last
0 Residue	1 39 Zero	69 Repair	97 Borrowed
9 Ruanda	40 Fjords	70 Catalogue	battery, e.g.
10 Far North town	43 Sugs Sunny's	72 Side dish	99 - the line
11 Hallowe'en	dupe	73 Fly high	100 Came to a
character	45 Throw	75 Inhabitant	close
12 "It all	46 Have	suff.	104 Foel's ma
kinds"	46 Movie mutt	77 Emcee, maybe	106 Force out
13 Fall to	49 " the time	78 Israeli	108 Punte del -
comprehend	for all_"	stateaman	109 Shoat's ma
14 Reel dwellers	50 Steedy workers	79 Wool: comb.	110 -la la
-15 "Stooge" name	52 Certain	torm	111 Cove
16 Conjunction	tishermen	80 Devillish	112 Baden-Baden.
19 This puzzle's	53 Sitting, as	82 Dos Passos	for one
topic?	a statue	trilogy	113 Comp. pt.



37 Co



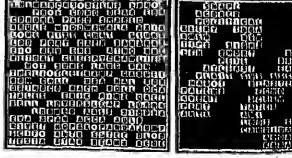
Poor gargayle clock failed to run because it had a face that could stop about any clock.

Migrating wild goese maintained same airy "V" very well.

Plants won't say what they miss, but water is usually the problem.

CRYPTOGRAMS

	-
EVGCAULZ EYLWORD A	GIBY BYLEXES DL
YRERUTR BCGNN FLOW	ORD UZBDRGS LP
NGYMR EVREX PLY FUM T	UEDLYI By Lois H. Jones
SRO TAMMOBN TOBD WIT	UNOP WE BIUUHOP
VIUUHON, UT& SROE PAP	SINSO LYUGRHE YTO-
UGH.	-By Robs Dow
ZJEY SAGKSSZCOLE ELDN	GS ENS ELDT BJQY
CATNZ SKK GNRG.	- By Earl Ireland
SHEIZNA MODBALL SH	BA LYAODMOEIMB
LYAODMOIAL DH NAZ.	- Sy E. L Livingston
	BOLLITIONS OF
	SCEROR NORDO



1981 by Chicago Tribune-N.Y. News Synd. His.



DOWN 1 Slice of bacou 2 Man from out

4 Bank abbr. S "The -- Re 8 Chutzpah 7 Fountain

drink 8 Curved lette

Boy-girl e Reined ha

2 Fairylik

17 Egyptia solar di 19 Hub

20 Kinsma 23 Ancien

Martin

Persian Feeble

28 Single time 30 Had the courage 31 Winglike 32 Consumed 33 RSVP word

Baden ot. 1.

Lass 15 It's often "Norma -" 07 "Norma —" 09 Upstream swimmer 12 Caviar suppliers 14 Algerian port 15 Scarcity 16 Pain in the 51 52 62 16 Pain in the neck 17 Fal 18 Methods 19 Fabric colors 20 Garfunkel and Carney 21 Raison d' —